

Bric M Plus Series 30KVA-600KVA UPS Installation and Operation Manual



CONTENTS

	2		
1.	Overv 1.1	view Product Description	
	1.1	System conceptual diagram	
	1.2		
		Power module conceptual diagram	
	1.4	Working Modes	
•	1.5	UPS Structure	
2	Insta 2.1	llation	
	2.1	Unloading and Unpacking	
	2.2	Positioning	
	2.3 2.4	5	
		Battery	
	2.5	Cable Entry	
	2.6	Power Cables	
_	2.7	Control and Communication Cables	
3	Oper 3.1	ator Control and Display Panel UPS operator panel	
	3.2	Main Menu	
4	Oper 4.1	ations UPS Start-up	
	4.2	Procedure for Switching between Operation Modes	
	4.3	Battery Manual	
	4.4	EPO	
	4.4		
-	-	Installation of Parallel Operation System	
5	N ain 5.1	tenance Precautions	
	5.2	Instruction for Maintaining Power module	
	5.2	Instruction for Maintaining monitor unit and bypass unit	
	5.4	Battery Setting	
	5. 4 5.5	Replacing Dust Filter (optional)	
6		uct Specification	
6	6.1	Applicable Standards	
	6.2	Environmental Characteristics	
	6.3	Mechanical Characteristic	
	6.4	Electrical Characteristics	
	6.5	Efficiency	
	6.6	-	
	0.0	Display and Interface	



Preface

We thank you for the trust in selecting our UPS.

Our equipment complies with the European Community directives for professional equipment and is authorized to use the CE marking.

CE

The purpose of this manual is to introduce the operating principles of the UPS and to provide instructions for safe operation. The manual also provides troubleshooting assistance should an abnormal message or behaviour occurs.

Should an abnormal message not covered in this manual appear, please contact your local authorized service agent for troubleshooting and repair.

All of the installation, operation, and maintenance of this device must be performed by authorized and qualified technicians who are familiar with this manual



Safety

- Important Rules
 - (1) Please follow these UPS operating instructions to ensure safe and proper operation.
 - (2) Please ensure that the machine is standing upright during operation. Do not shake or tilt the machine. Avoid heavy impact.
 - (3) Poor grounding will lead to current leakage. Please ensure that the AC power input is properly grounded (PE Ground) before making any connections.
 - (4) Ensure the UPS is placed in an insulated environment before use and that there is no electrocution hazard to the operating personnel.
 - (5) Do not connect the neutral wire with the ground and make sure that the input voltage is correct.
 - (6) If the UPS needs to be moved or relocate, it must be switched off and fully discharged. If the UPS is not discharged, the UPS will switch to battery power after grid power is disconnected and pose an electrocution hazard.
 - (7) Do not place any objects, liquid containers, or coverings over the UPS. The liquid might spill into the UPS causing internal damage or cause electrocution.
 - (8) Ensure the battery specifications match the UPS requirements before connecting any external batteries.
 - (9) Please follow the rules below before engaging in any activity that involves the battery.
 - a. Remove all metallic items such as rings, watches and jewellery before working on the battery.
 - b. Please use insulated tools.
 - c. Do not open or damage the battery.
 - d. Keep batteries away from fire to prevent explosion.

• Symbols

Please follow the instructions and warnings on the UPS.



WARNING ! Refer to the operating instructions.





WARNING ! High voltage inside.

Ground



1. Overview

1.1 Product Description

The RM series Modular UPS is an online double-conversion UPS that uses digital signal processing (DSP) technology. Provide a stable and uninterrupted power supply for the important load.

1.2 System conceptual diagram

The Modular UPS is configured by the following part: Power modules, Bypass & Monitoring unit, and cabinet with manual Bypass switch. One or several battery strings should be installed to provide backup energy once the utility fails. The UPS structure is shown in Figure 1-1.

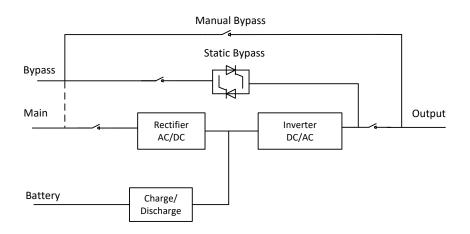


Figure 1-1 UPS Conceptual Diagram

1.3 Power module conceptual diagram

The power module conceptual diagram is shown as Figure1-2. The Power module contains a rectifier, an inverter, and a DC/DC converter for charge and discharge of the external batteries.

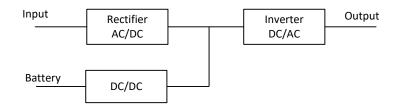


Figure1-2 Power module conceptual diagram

1.4 Working Modes

The Modular UPS is an on-line, double-conversion UPS that permits operation in the following modes:

- Normal mode
- Battery mode
- Bypass mode
- Maintenance mode (manual bypass)
- ECO mode
- Auto-restart mode
- Frequency Converter mode



1.4.1 Normal mode

The inverter of power modules continuously supplies the critical AC load. The rectifier/charger derives power from the AC mains input source and supplies DC power to the inverter while simultaneously FLOAT or BOOST charging its associated backup battery.

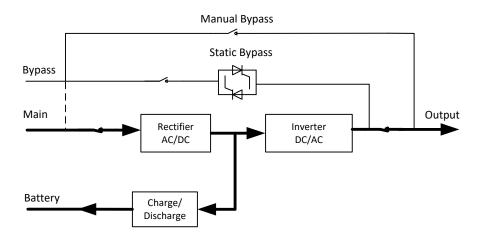


Figure1-3 UPS conceptual diagram in normal mode

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Indicates the energy flow direction.

1.4.2 Battery Mode

Upon failure of the AC mains input power, the inverter of power module, which obtain power from the battery, supply the critical AC load. There is no interruption in power to the critical load upon failure. After restoration of the AC mains input power, the" Normal mode" operation will continue automatically without the necessity of user intervention.

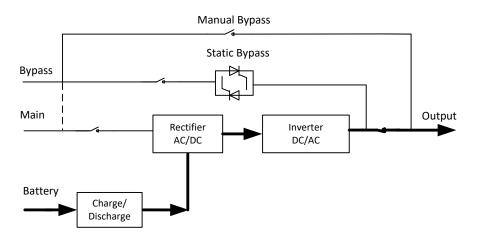


Figure1-4 UPS conceptual diagram in Battery mode

With the function of Battery cold start, the UPS may start without utility. See more detail in section0.



1.4.3 Bypass Mode

If the inverter overload capacity is exceeded under Normal mode, or if the inverter becomes unavailable for any reason, the static transfer switch will perform a transfer of the load from the inverter to the bypass source, with no interruption in power to the critical AC load. Should the inverter be asynchronous with the bypass, the static switch will perform a transfer of the load from the inverter to the bypass with power interruption to the load. This is to avoid large cross currents due to the paralleling of unsynchronized AC sources. This interruption is programmable but typically set to be less than 3/4 of an electrical cycle, e.g., less than 15ms (50Hz) or less than 12.5ms (60Hz). The action of transfer/re-transfer can also be done by the command through monitor.

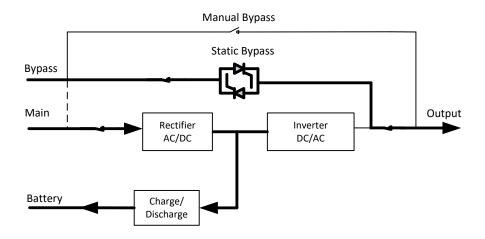


Figure1-5 UPS conceptual diagram in Bypass Mode

1.4.4 Maintenance Mode (Manual Bypass)

A manual bypass switch is available to ensure continuity of supply to the critical load when the UPS becomes unavailable e.g. during a maintenance procedure.

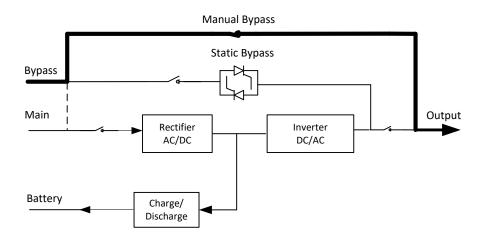


Figure1-6 UPS conceptual diagram in Maintenance Mode



1.4.5 ECO Mode

The economy control operation (ECO) mode is an energy-saving mode, In ECO mode, when the bypass input voltage is within the ECO voltage range, the static bypass turns on, and the bypass supplies power, and inverter is standby. When the bypass input voltage is beyond the ECO voltage range, the UPS transfers from bypass mode to normal mode.

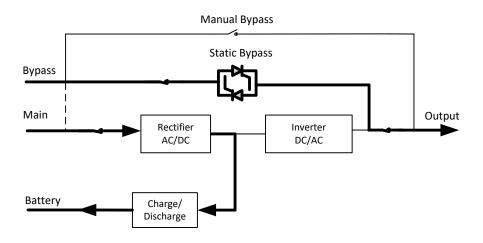


Figure1-7 UPS conceptual diagram in ECO Mode

There is a short interruption time (less than 10ms) when transfer from ECO mode to battery mode, it must be sure that the interruption has no effect on loads.

1.4.6 Auto-restart Mode

The battery may become exhausted following an extended AC mains failure. The inverter shuts down when the battery reaches the End of Discharge Voltage (EOD). The UPS may be programmed to "System Auto-Start Mode after EOD". The system starts after a delay time when the AC main recovers. The mode and the delay time are programmed by the commissioning engineer.

1.4.7 Frequency Converter Mode

By setting the UPS to Frequency Converter mode, the UPS could present a stable output of fixed frequency (50 or 60Hz), and the bypass static switch is not available.



1.5 UPS Structure

1.5.1 UPS Configuration

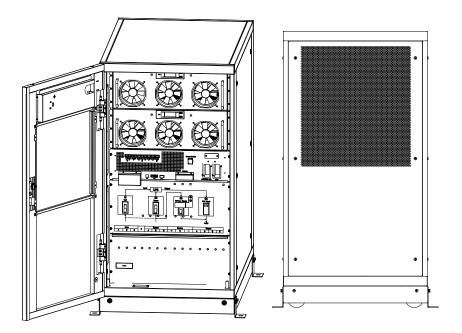
The UPS configure ration is provided in Table 1-1.

Item	Components	Quantity/ pcs	Remark
2-slot Cabinet	Circuit Breaker	4	factory installed
10-slot Cabinet	Bypass & Monitoring unit	1	factory installed
4-slot Cabinet	Manual Bypass Breaker	1	factory installed
6-slot Cabinet	Bypass & Monitoring unit	1	factory installed
40kVA Power module	Power module	1~10	Requisite installed on site
50kVA Power module	Power module	1~10	Requisite installed on site

Table 1-1 UPS Configuration

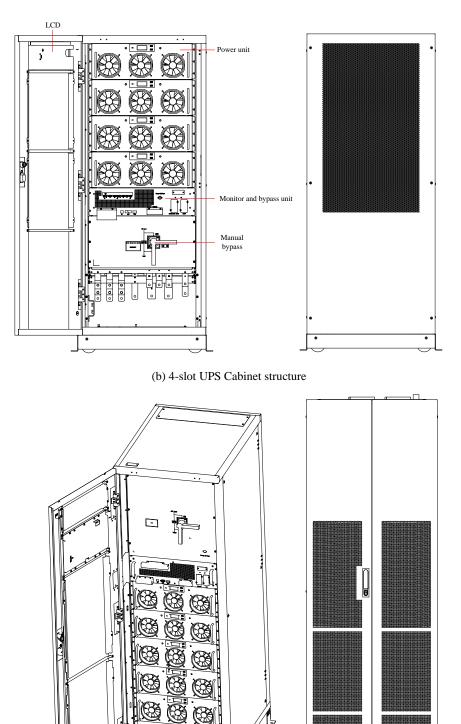
1.5.2 UPS Structure

The UPS structure is shown in Figure 1-8.

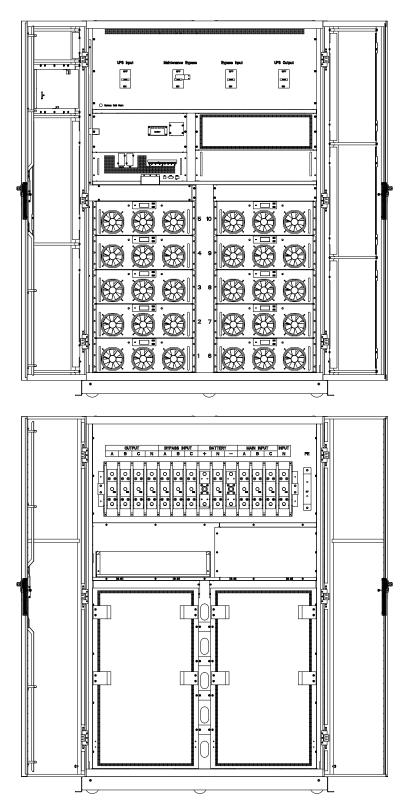


(a) 2-slot UPS Cabinet structure









(d) 10-slot UPS Cabinet structure

Figure1-8 UPS structure



2 Installation

2.1 Location

As each site has its requirements, the installation instructions in this section are to act as a guide for the general procedures and practices that should be observed by the installing engineer.

2.1.1 Installation Environment

The UPS is intended for indoor installation and uses forced convection cooling by internal fans. Please make sure there is enough space for the UPS ventilation and cooling.

Keep the UPS far away from water , heat and inflammable and explosive, corrosive material. Avoid installing the UPS in the environment with direct sunlight, dust, volatile gases, corrosive material and high salinity. Avoid installing the UPS in the environment with conductive dirt.

The operating environment temperature for battery is 20°C-25°C. Operating above25°C will reduce the battery life, and operation below 20°C will reduce the battery capacity.

The battery will generate a little amount of hydrogen and oxygen at the end of charging; ensure the fresh air volume of the battery installation environment must meet EN50272-2001 requirements.

If external batteries are to be used, the battery circuit breakers (or fuses) must be mounted as close as possible to the batteries, and the connecting cables should be as short as possible.

2.1.2 Site Selection

Ensure the ground or installation platform can bear the weight of the UPS cabinet, batteries and battery rack.



The UPS cabinet , battery can battery rack are suitable for mounting on concrete or other non-combustible surface on

No vibration and less than 5-degree inclination horizontally.

The equipment should be stored in a room so as to protect it against excessive humidity and heat sources. The battery needs to be stored in dry and cool place with good ventilation. The most suitable storage temperature is $20 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 25°C .

2.1.3 Weight and Dimensions

The size of three views for the UPS cabinet is shown in Figure0-2.

Attention

Ensure there is at least 0.8m clearance at the front of the cabinet for easy maintenance and at least 0.5m clearance at rear for ventilation and cooling. The room reserved for the cabinet is shown in Figure0-1.



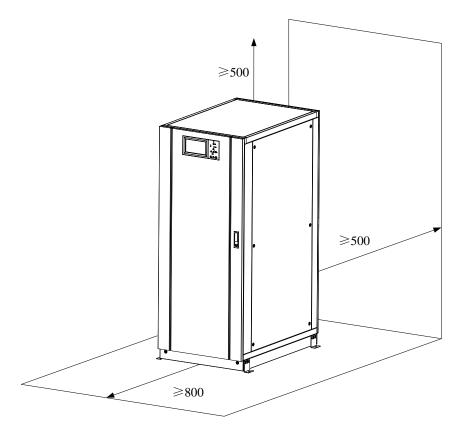
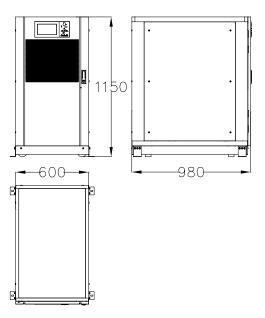
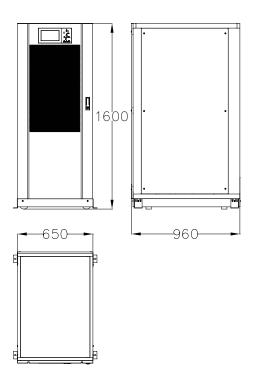


Figure0-1 Room reserved for the cabinet (Unit: mm)

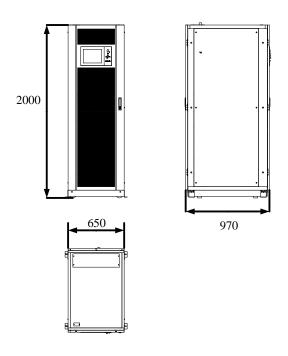


(a) Dimensions of 2-slot Cabinet (unit: mm)



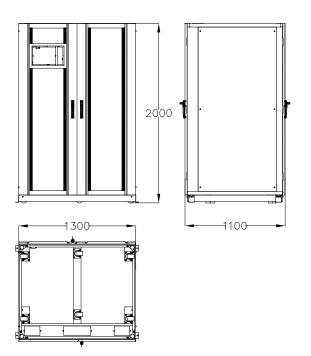


(b) Dimensions of 4-slot Cabinet (unit: mm)



(c) Dimensions of 6-slot Cabinet (unit: mm)





(d) Dimensions of 10-slot Cabinet (unit: mm)

Figure0-2 Dimensions

Ensure that the floor or installation support can bear the weight of the UPS, batteries, and battery racks. The weight of batteries and battery racks depends on the site requirements. The weight for the UPS cabinet is shown in Table 0-1.

Table 0-1 weight for the UPS

Capacity	Weight
2-slot Cabinet	120Kg
4-slot Cabinet	170 Kg
6-slot Cabinet	220 Kg
10-slot Cabinet	450 Kg
40KVA power module	44 Kg
50KVA power module	45 Kg



2.2 Unloading and Unpacking

2.2.1 Moving and Unpacking of the Cabinet

The steps to move and unpack the cabinet are as follows:

- 1) Check if any damages to the packing. (If any, contact to the carrier)
- 2) Transport the equipment to the designated site by forklift, as shown in Figure0-3.

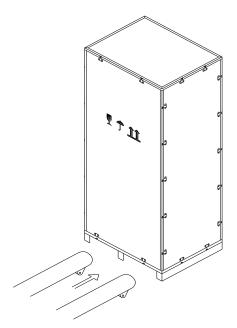


Figure0-3 Transport to the designated site

3) Open the top plate of the steel-edged wooden case with slotted awl and pier, followed by sideboards (see **Error! Reference source not found.**).

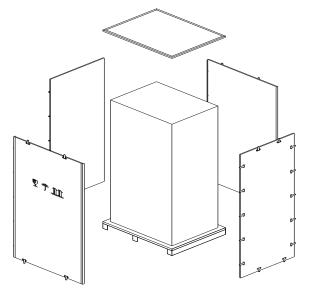


Figure0-4 Disassemble the case

4) Remove the protective foam around the cabinet.



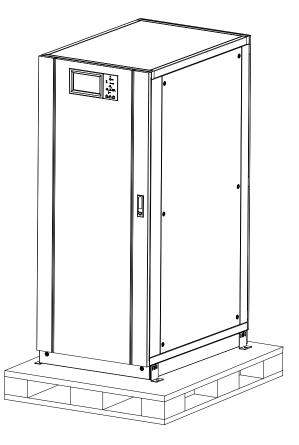


Figure0-5 Remove the protective foam

5) Check the UPS.

(a) Visually examine if there are any damages to UPS during transportation. If any, contact to the carrier.(b) Check the UPS with the list of the goods. If any items are not included in the list, contact to our company or the local office.

6) Dismantle the bolt that connects the cabinet and wooden pallet after disassembly.

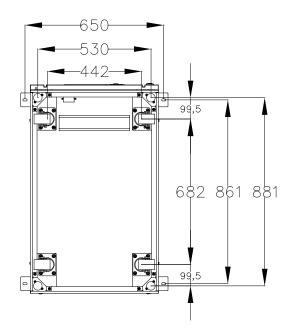
7) Move the cabinet to the installation position.



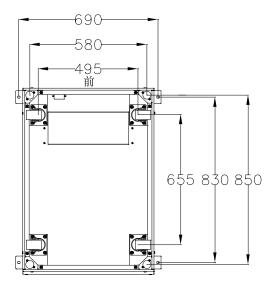
2.3 **Positioning**

2.3.1 Positioning Cabinet

The UPS cabinet has two way of supporting itself: One is to support itself temporarily by the four wheels at the bottom , making it convenient to adjust the position of the cabinet ; The other is by anchor bolts to support the cabinet permanently after adjusting the position of the cabinet. The supporting structure is shown in Figure 2-6.

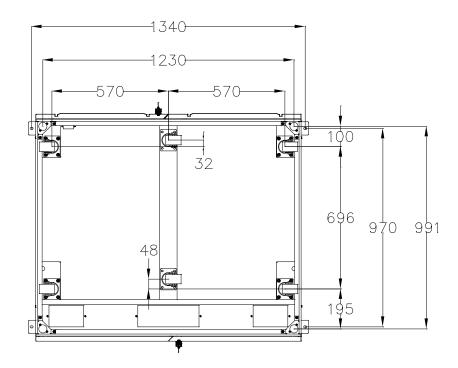


(a) Supporting structure of 2-slot Cabinet (Bottom view, unit: mm)



(b) Supporting structure of 4-slot Cabinet and 6-slot Cabinet (Bottom view, unit: mm)





(c) Supporting structure of 10-slot Cabinet (Bottom view, unit: mm)

Figure0-6 Supporting structure

The steps to position the cabinet are as follows :

- 1) Ensure the supporting structure is in good condition and the mounting floor is smooth and strong.
- 2) Retract the anchor bolts by turning them counter clock wise using wrench. The cabinet is then supported by the four wheels.
- 3) Adjust the cabinet to the right position by the supporting wheels.
- 4) Put down the anchor bolts by turning them clock wise using wrench, the cabinet is then supported by the four anchor bolts.
- 5) Ensure the four anchor bolts are in the same height and the cabinet is fixed and immovable.
- 6) Positioning done.



2.4 Battery

Three terminals (positive , neutral , negative) are drawn from the battery unit and connected to UPS system. The neutral line is drawn from the middle of the batteries in series (See Figure 2-7).

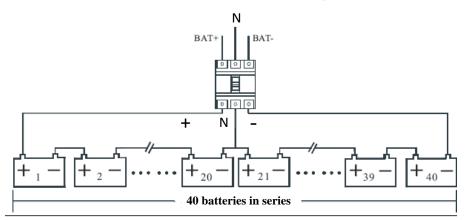
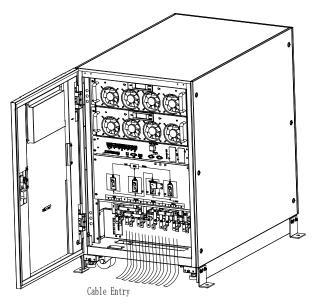


Figure0-7 Battery string wiring diagram

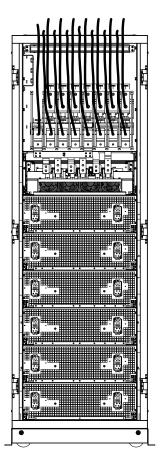
2.5 Cable Entry

Cables can enter the 2-slot cabinet and 4-slot cabinet from the bottom, can enter the 6-slot cabinet from the top, and can enter the 10-slot cabinet both from the top and bottom. The cable entry is shown in Figure 0-8.

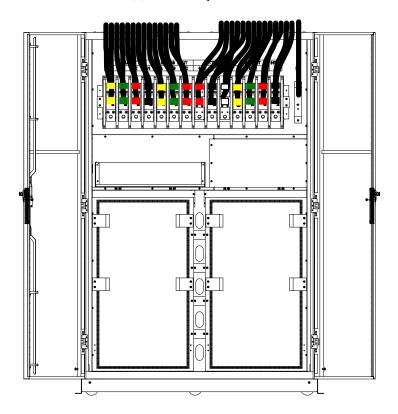


(a) Cable Entry of 2-slot Cabinet and 4-slot Cabinet



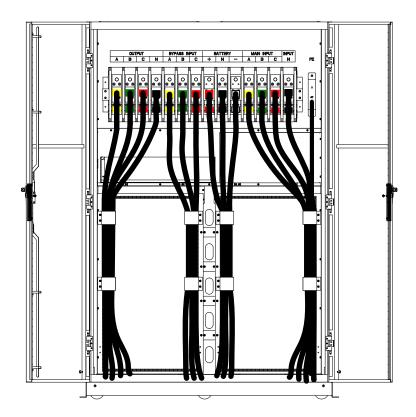


(b) Cable Entry of 6-slot Cabinet



(c)Top cable Entry of 10-slot Cabinet





(d) Bottom cable Entry of 10-slot Cabinet

Figure0-8 Cable Entry

2.6 **Power Cables**

2.6.1 Specifications

The UPS power cables are recommended in Table 0-2.

	Contents		80/40	100/50	150/50	200/50	250/50	300/50	400/40	500/50
	Main Input Cu	urrent(A)	128	159	239	319	398	478	638	797
		А	35	50	95	120	185	185	2*150	2*185
Main Input	Cable Section	В	35	50	95	120	185	185	2*150	2*185
	(mm²)	С	35	50	95	120	185	185	2*150	2*185
		Ν	35	50	95	120	185	185	2*150	2*185
	Main Ou Current		121	152	227	303	379	454	606	758
		А	35	50	70	120	185	185	2*150	2*185
Main Output	Cable Section	В	35	50	70	120	185	185	2*150	2*185
	(mm²)	С	35	50	70	120	185	185	2*150	2*185
		Ν	35	50	70	120	185	185	2*150	2*185
Bypass Input	Bypass In Current		121	152	227	303	379	454	606	758

Table 0-2 Recommended cables for power cables



(Optional)		А	35	50	70	120	185	185	2*150	2*185
	Cable Section	В	35	50	70	120	185	185	2*150	2*185
	(mm²)	С	35	50	70	120	185	185	2*150	2*185
		Ν	35	50	70	120	185	185	2*150	2*185
	Battery Ir current(167	208	313	417	521	626	833	1042
Dottom		+	50	70	120	185	240	240	2*185	2*240
Battery Input	Cable Section	-	50	70	120	185	240	240	2*185	2*240
	(mm²)	Ν	50	70	120	185	240	240	2*185	2*240
PE	CableSection	PE	50	70	120	185	2*120	2*120	2*150	2*150
	(mm²)									

- The recommended cable section for power cables are only for situations described below:
- Ambient temperature: 30°C.
- AC loss less than 3%, DC loss less than 1%, The length of the AC power cables are no longer than 50 m and the length of the DC power cables are no longer than 30 m.
- Currents listed in the table are based on the 380V system (Line-to-line voltage).
- The size of neutral lines should be 1.5~1.7 times the value listed above when the predominant load is non-linear.

2.6.2 Specifications for Power Cables Terminal

Specifications for power cables connector are listed as Table 0-3.

Table 0-3 Requirements for power module terminal

Туре	Port	Connection	Bolt	Torque Moment
	Mains input	Cables crimped OT terminal	M6	4.9Nm
	Bypass Input	Cables crimped OT terminal	M6	4.9Nm
2-slot cabinet	Battery Input	Cables crimped OT terminal	M8	13Nm
	Output	Cables crimped OT terminal	M6	4.9Nm
	PE	Cables crimped OT terminal	M6	4.9Nm
	Mains input	Cables crimped OT terminal	M10	15Nm
	Bypass Input	Cables crimped OT terminal	M10	15Nm
4-slot cabinet	Battery Input	Cables crimped OT terminal	M10	15Nm
	Output	Cables crimped OT terminal	M10	15Nm
	PE	Cables crimped OT terminal	M10	15Nm
	Mains input	Cables crimped OT terminal	M12	28Nm
	Bypass Input	Cables crimped OT terminal	M12	28Nm
6-slot cabinet	Battery Input	Cables crimped OT terminal	M12	28Nm
	Output	Cables crimped OT terminal	M12	28Nm
	PE	Cables crimped OT terminal	M12	28Nm
	Mains input	Cables crimped OT terminal	M16	96Nm
	Bypass Input	Cables crimped OT terminal	M16	96Nm
10-slot cabinet	Battery Input	Cables crimped OT terminal	M16	96Nm
	Output	Cables crimped OT terminal	M16	96Nm
	PE	Cables crimped OT terminal	M16	96Nm



2.6.3 Circuit Breaker

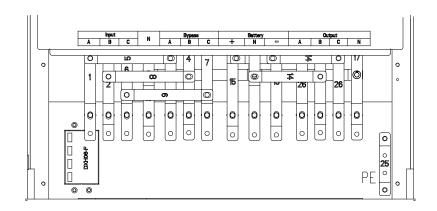
The circuit breakers (CB) for the system are recommended in Table 0-4.

Installed position	80/40	100/50	150/50	200/50
Main input CB	160A/3P	250A/3P	320A/3P	400A/3P
Bypass input CB	160A/3P	250A/3P	320A/3P	400A/3P
Output CB	160A/3P	250A/3P	320A/3P	400A/3P
Manual Bypass CB	160A/3P	250A/3P	320A/3P	400A/3P
Battery CB	225A, 250Vdc	250A, 250Vdc	400A, 250Vdc	630A, 250Vdc
Installed position	250/50	300/50	400/40	500/50
Main input CB	630A/3P	630A/3P	800A/3P	800A/3P
Bypass input CB	630A/3P	630A/3P	800A/3P	800A/3P
Output CB	630A/3P	630A/3P	800A/3P	800A/3P
Manual Bypass CB	630A/3P	630A/3P	800A/3P	800A/3P
Battery CB	800A/3P 250Vdc	1000A/3P 250Vdc	1000A, 250Vdc	1250A, 250Vdc

2.6.4 Connecting Power Cables

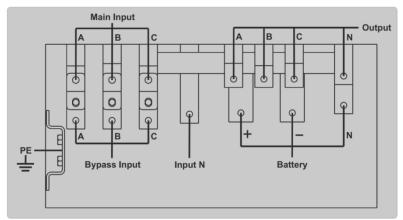
The steps of connecting power cables are as follows:

- 1) Verify that all the switches of the UPS are completely open and the UPS internal maintenance bypass switch is opened. Attach necessary warning signs to these switches to prevent unauthorized operation.
- 2) Open the front door of the cabinet (10-slot Cabinet open the back door), remove the plastic cover. The input and output terminal, battery terminal and protective earth terminal are shown in Figure 0-9.

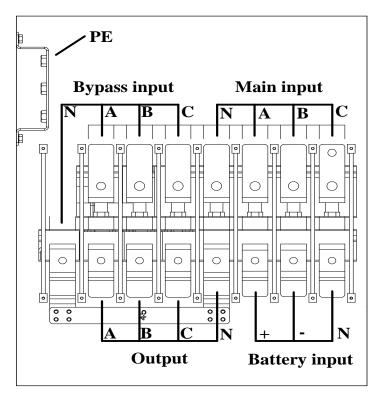


(a) Connections terminals of 2-slot cabinet

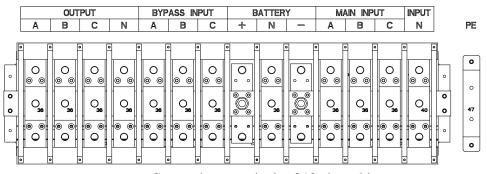




(b) Connections terminals of 4-slot cabinet



(c) Connections terminals of 6-slot cabinet



(d) Connections terminals of 10-slot cabinet

Figure0-9 Connections terminals

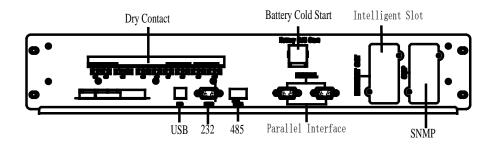
3) Connect the protective earth wire to protective earth terminal (PE).



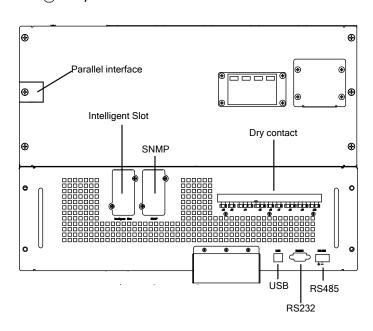
- 4) Connect the AC input supply cables to the Input terminal and AC output supply cables to the Output terminal.
- 5) Connect the Battery cables to the Battery terminal.
- 6) Check to make sure there is no mistake and re-install all the protective covers.

2.7 Control and Communication Cables

The front panel of the bypass module provides dry contact interface (J2-J11) and communication interface (RS232, RS485, SNMP, Intelligent card interface and USB port), as it is shown in Figure2-10.



(a) Dry contact & communication interface of 2-slot cabinet - 6-slot cabinet



Battery Cold Start

(a) Dry contact & communication interface of 10-slot cabinet

Figure0-10 Dry contact & communication interface



2.7.1 Dry Contact Interface

Dry contact interface includes port J2-J11 and the functions of the dry contact are shown in Table 2-5.

Table 0-5 Functions of the port

Port	Name	Function		
J2-1	TEMP_BAT	Detection of battery temperature		
J2-2	TEMP_COM	Common terminal for temperature detection		
J3-1	ENV_TEMP	Detection of environmental temperature		
J3-2	TEMP_COM	Common terminal for temperature detection		
J4-1	REMOTE_EPO_NC	Trigger EPO when disconnect with J4-2		
J4-2	+24V_DRY	+24V		
J4-3	+24V_DRY	+24V		
J4-4	REMOTE_EPO_NO	Trigger EPO when shorted with J4-3		
J5-1	+24V_DRY	+24V		
J5-2	GEN_CONNECTED	Input dry contact, function is settable, Default: interface for generator		
J5-3	GND_DRY	Ground for +24V		
J6-1	BCB Drive	Output dry contact, function is settable. Default: Battery trip signal		
J6-2	BCB_Status	Input dry contact, function is settable. Default: BCB Status and BCB Online, (Alert no battery when BCB Status is invalid).		
J7-1	GND_DRY	Ground for +24V		
J7-2	BCB_Online	Input dry contact, function is settable. Default: BCB Status and BCB Online (Alert no battery when BCB Status is invalid).		
J8-1	BAT_LOW_ALARM_NC	Output dry contact (Normally closed), function is settable. Default: Low battery alarming		
J8-2	BAT_LOW_ALARM_NO	Output dry contact (Normally open), function is settable. Default: Low battery alarming		
J8-3	BAT_LOW_ALARM_GND	Common terminal for J8-1 and J8-2		
J9-1	GENERAL_ALARM_NC	Output dry contact, (Normally closed) function is settable. Default: Fault alarming		
J9-2	GENERAL_ALARM_NO	Output dry contact, (Normally open) function is settable. Default: Fault alarming		
J9-3	GENERAL_ALARM_GND	Common terminal for J9-1 and J9-2		
J10-1	UTILITY_FAIL_NC	Common terminal for J9-1 and J9-2 Output dry contact, (Normally closed) function is settable. Default: Utility abnormal alarming		



J10-2	UTILITY_FAIL_NO	Output dry contact, (Normally open) function is settable. Default: Utility abnormal alarming
J10-3	UTILITY_FAIL_GND	Common terminal for J10-1 and J10-2

The settable functions for each port can be set by the monitor software.

The default functions of each port are described as follows.

Battery Warning Output Dry Contact Interface

The input dry contact J2 and J3 can detect the temperature of batteries and environment respectively, which can be used in environment monitoring and battery temperature compensation. Interfaces diagram for J2 and J3 are shown in Figure2-11, the description of interface is in Table 2-6.

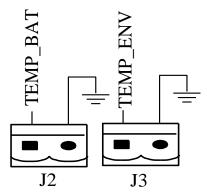


Figure0-11 J2 and J3 for temperature detecting

Port	Name	Function
J2-1	TEMP_BAT	Detection of battery temperature
J2-2	TEMP_COM	common terminal
J3-1	ENV_TEMP	Detection of environmental temperature
J3-2	TEMP_COM	common terminal

Table 0-6Description of J2 and J3

Specified temperature sensor is required for temperature detection (R25=5Kohm, B25/50=3275), please confirm with the manufacturer, or contact the local maintenance engineers when placing an order.

Remote EPO Input Port

J4 is the input port for remote EPO. It requires shorting NC and +24Vand disconnecting NO and +24V during normal operation, and the EPO is triggered when opening NC and +24V or shorting the NO and +24V. The port diagram is shown in Figure2-12 and port description is shown in Table 2-7.



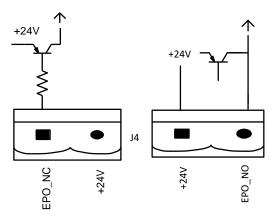


Figure0-12Diagram of input port for remote EPO

Port	Name Function	
J4-1	REMOTE_EPO_NC	Trigger EPO when disconnect with J4-2
J4-2	+24V_DRY	+24V
J4-3	+24V_DRY	+24V
J4-4	REMOTE_EPO_NO	Trigger EPO when connect with J4-3

Generator Input Dry Contact

The default function of J5 is the interface for generator J5 Connect pin 2 of J5 with +24V power supply; it indicates that the generator has been connected with the system. The interface diagram is shown in Figure2-13, and interface description is shown in Table 2-8.

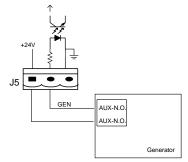


Figure0-13 Diagram of status interface and connection of generator

Port	Name	Function
J5-1	+24V_DRY	+24V
J5-2	GEN_CONNECTED	Connection status of generator
J5-3	GND_DRY	Power ground for +24V

Table 0-8 Description of status interface and connection of generator

BCB Input Port

The default function of J6 and J7 are the ports of BCB. The port diagram is shown in Figure2-14, and description is shown in Table 2-9.



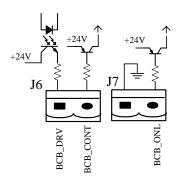


Figure0-14 BCB Port Table 0-9 Description of BCB port

Port	Name	Function	
J6-1	BCB_DRIV	BCB contact drive, provides +24V voltage , 20mA drive signal	
J6-2	BCB_Status	BCB contact status, connect with the normally open signal of BCB	
J7-1	GND_DRY	Power ground for +24V	
J7-2	BCB_Online	BCB on-line input (normally open), BCB is on- line when the signal is connecting with J7-1	

Battery Warning Output Dry Contact Interface

The default function of J8 is the output dry contact interface, which presents the battery warnings of low or excessive voltage, when the battery voltage is lower than set value, an auxiliary dry contact signal will be activated via the isolation of a relay. The interface diagram is shown in Figure2-15, and description is shown in Table 2-10.

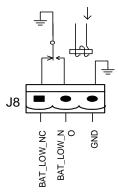


Figure0-15 Battery warning dry contact interface diagram

T 11 0 10 D 44	• 1		1
Table 0-10 Battery	warning dry	confact infertace	description
Table 0-10 Battery	warming ary	contact interface	description

Port	Name	Function
J8-1	BAT_LOW_ALARM_NC	Battery warning relay (normally closed) will be open during warning
J8-2	BAT_LOW_ALARM_NO	Battery warning relay (normally open) will be closed during warning
J8-3	BAT_LOW_ALARM_GND	Common terminal



General Alarm Output Dry Contact Interface

The default function of J9 is the general alarm output dry contact interface. When one or more warnings are triggered, an auxiliary dry contact signal will be active via the isolation of a relay. The interface diagram is shown in Figure 2-16, and description is shown in Table 2-11.

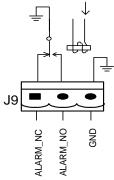


Figure0-16 Integrated warning dry contact interface diagram

TT 1 1 0 11	C 1	1	1		• • • •	1
Table 0-11	General	alarm	ary	contact	interface	description

Port	Name	Function
J9-1	GENERAL_ALARM_NC	Integrated warning relay (normally closed) will be open during warning
J9-2	GENERAL_ALARM_NO	Integrated warning relay (normally open) will be closed during warning
J9-3	GENERAL_ALARM_GND	Common terminal

Utility Fail Warning Output Dry Contact Interface

The default function of J10 is the output dry contact interface for utility failure warning, when the utility fails, the system will send a utility failure warning information, and provide an auxiliary dry contact signal via the isolation of a relay. The interface diagram is shown in Figure2-17, and description is shown in Table 2-12.

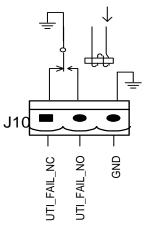


Figure0-17 Utility failure warning dry contact interface diagram

Table 0-12	Utility failure	warning dry contac	t interface description
	J	8 5	1

Port	Name	Function
J10-1	UTILITY_FAIL_NC	Mains failure warning relay (normally closed) will be open during warning



Port	Name	Function
J10-2	UTILITY_FAIL_NO	Mains failure warning relay (normally open) will be closed during warning
J10-3	UTILITY_FAIL_GND	Common terminal

2.7.2 Communication Interface

RS232, RS485 and USB port: Provide serial data which can be used for commissioning and maintenance by authorized engineers or can be used for networking or integrated monitoring system in the service room.

SNMP: Used on site installation for communication (Optional).

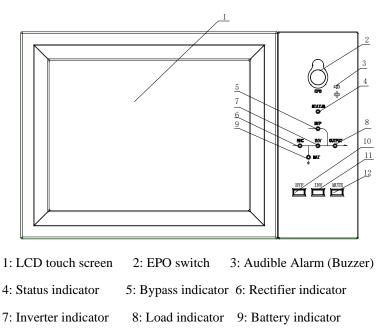
Intelligent card interface: Extension dry contact interface (Optional).



3 Operator Control and Display Panel

3.1 UPS operator panel

The structure of operator control and display panel for cabinet is shown in Figure0-1.



10: Bypass transfer 11: Inverter transfer 12: Mute

Figure0-1 Control and display panel

The LCD panel for cabinet is divided into three functional areas: LED indicator, control and operation keys and LCD touch screen.

3.1.1 LED Indicator

There are 6 LEDs on the panel to indicate the operating status and fault. (See Figure 4-1). The description of indicators is shown in Table 3-1

Indicator	State	Description		
	Steady green	Rectifier normal for all modules		
Rectifier	Flashing green	Rectifier normal for at least one module, mains normal		
indicator	Steady red	Rectifier fault		
mulcator	Flashing red	Mains abnormal for at least one module		
	Off	Rectifier not operating		
	Steady green	Battery charging		
	Flashing green	Battery discharging		
Battery	Steady red	Battery abnormal (battery failure, no battery or battery reversed) or battery		
indicator	Steady red	converter abnormal (failure, over current or over temperature), EOD		
	Flashing red	Battery low voltage		
	Off	Battery and battery converter normal, battery not charging		
D	Steady green	Load supplied by bypass		
Bypass indicator	Steady red	Bypass abnormal or out of normal range, or static bypass switch fault		
mulcator	Flashing red	Bypass voltage abnormal		



Indicator	State	Description
	Off	Bypass normal
Inverter indicator	Steady green	Load supplied by inverter
	Flashing green	Inverter on, start, synchronization or standby (ECO mode) for at least one
		module
	Steady red	System output not supplied by inverter, inverter fault for at least one module.
	Flashing red	System output supplied by inverter, inverter fault for at least one module.
	Off	Inverter not operating for all modules
	Steady green	UPS output ON and normal
Load	Steady red	UPS overload time is out, or output short, or output no power supply
indicator	Flashing red	Overload output of UPS
	Off	No output of UPS
Status	Steady green	Normal operation
indicator	Steady red	Failure

There are two different types of audible alarm during UPS operation, as shown in Table 3-2.

Alarm	Description
Two short alarm with a long one	When system has general alarm (for example: AC fault),
Continuous alarm	When system has serious faults (for example: fuse blown or hardware failure)

Table 0-2 Description of audible alarm

3.1.2 Control and Operation Keys

Control and operation keys include four keys of 2, 10, 11 and 12(See Figure 3-1), which are used together with LCD touch screen. The functions description is shown in Table 3-3.

Table 0-3Functions of Control and	l operation keys
-----------------------------------	------------------

Function Key	Description
EPO	Long press cut off the load power (shut down the rectifier, inverter, static bypass and battery)
ВҮР	Long press , transfer to the bypass (Push the button up in the back of the door to enable, see Figure 4.2)
INV	Long press, transfer to the inverter
MUTE	Long press to switch between turning off and on the buzzing

3.1.3 LCD touch Screen

Users can easily browse the information, operate the UPS, and set the parameters through the LCD touchscreen, which is friendly for users.



After the monitoring system starts self-test, the system enters the home page, following the welcome window. The home page is shown in Figure 0-2.

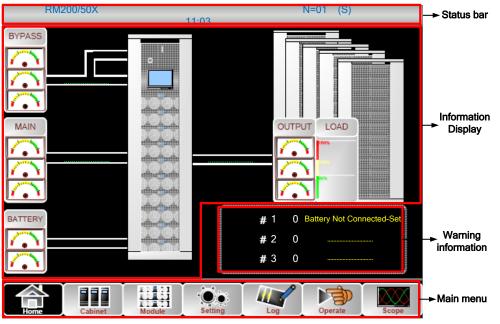


Figure0-2 Home page

Home page consists of Status bar, Information display, warning information and main menu.

• Status bar

The Status bar contains the model of the product, capacity, operational mode, and the number of the power module and the time of the system.

• Warning Information

Display the warning information of the cabinet.

• Information Display

Users can check the information of the cabinet in this area.

The bypass voltage, main input voltage, battery voltage, and output voltages are presented in the form of gauge.

The loads are displayed in the form of bar chart in percentage. The green area stands for a load of less than 60%, yellow area for a load of 60%-100% and red area for a load of more than 100%. The energy flow mimics the flow of the power.

Main Menu

The main menu includes Cabinet, Power m, setting, log, Operate and Scope. Users can operate and control the UPS and browse all measured parameters through main menu.

The structure of the main menu tree is shown in Figure0-3.



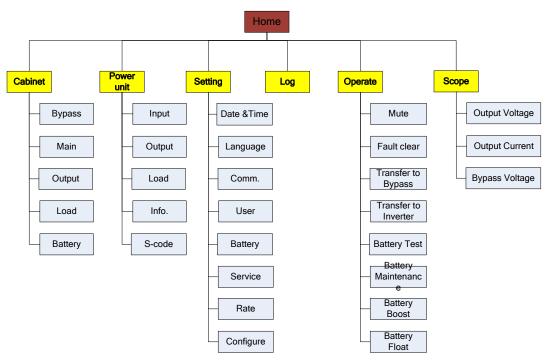


Figure0-3 Structure of menu tree

3.2 Main Menu

The main menu includes Cabinet, Power module, Setting, Log, Operate and Scope and it is described in detail below.

3.2.1 Cabinet

Touch the icon **Cabinet**, (At the bottom left of the screen), and the system enters the page of the Cabinet, as it is shown in Figure0-4.

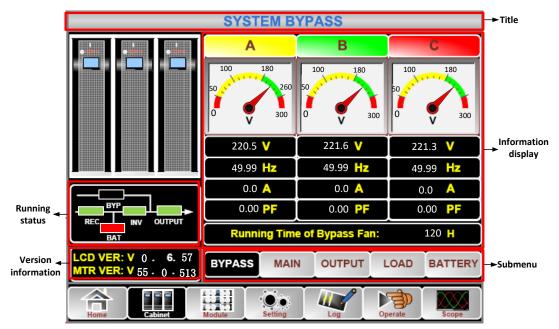


Figure0-4 Cabinet



The Cabinet comprises sectors of title, information display, version running status, information display and submenu. The sectors are described as follows.

• Title

Display the information of the selected submenu.

Running status

The squares shown on the mini current path represent the various UPS power paths and show the current UPS operating status. (The green square indicating the block working normally, the white indicating the absent of the block and red indicating the absence of the block or in fault).

• Version Information The version information for LCD of the cabinet and monitor.

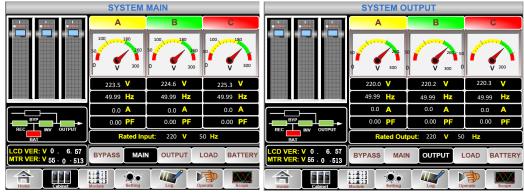
• Submenu

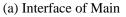
It includes the submenu of Bypass, Main, Output, load and battery.

• Information display

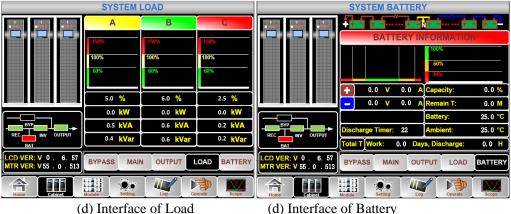
Display information of each submenu.

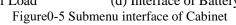
The interface of each submenu is shown in Figure0-5.





(b) Interface of Output





The submenu of Cabinet is described in detail below in

Table 0-4.

Table 0-4 Description of each submenu of Cabinet

Submenu Name	Contents	Meaning
	V	Phase voltage
Main	А	Phase current
	Hz	Input frequency
	PF	Power factor



Submenu Name	Contents	Meaning
	V	Phase voltage
Bypass	А	Phase current
Dypuss	Hz	Bypass frequency
	PF	Power factor
	V	Phase voltage
Output	А	Phase current
output	Hz	Output frequency
	PF	Power factor
	kVA	Sout: Apparent Power
Load	kW	Pout: Active Power
Load	kVar	Qout: Reactive power
	%	Load (The percentage of the UPS load)
	V	Battery positive/negative Voltage
	А	Battery positive/negative Current
	Capacity (%)	The percentage compared with new battery capacity
	Remain T (Min)	Remaining battery backup time
Battery	Battery (°C)	Battery Temp
	Ambient (°C)	Environmental Temp
	Total Work T	Total work time
	Total Discharge T	Total discharging time

3.2.2 Power module

Touch the icon double, (At the bottom left of the screen), and the system enters the page of the Power unit, as is shown in Figure0-6.

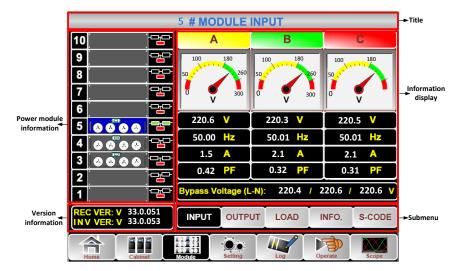


Figure0-6 Power module



The module comprises sectors of title, information display, power module information, version information and submenu. The sectors are described as follows.

• Title

Present the title of submenu of the selected power module.

- Information display
- Display information of each submenu.
- Power module information

The users can choose the power module to browse the information in the "Information display" sector. Colors of the square on the mimic current path represent the various power module paths and show the current operating status.

- (a) The green square indicating the power module working normally,
- (b) The black indicating power module in invalid
- (c) The red indicating the absence of the power module or in fault

Take the 5#power module for example. It indicates that UPS is in Normal mode and the rectifier and inverter are working normally. The battery is not connected.

• Version Information

The version information for rectifier and inverter of the selected power module.

• Submenu

The submenu includes Input, Output, Load, INFO and S-CODE.

Users can enter the interface of each submenu by directly touching the icon. Each interface of the submenu is shown in Figure0-7.



(c) Interface of Information

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11 4

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(d) Interface of S-Code Figure0-7 Module menu

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The submenus of Power module are described below in details in Table 0-5.

Submenu	Contents	Meaning
Name	Contents	Meaning
	V	Input phase voltage of selected module
Input	А	Input phase current of selected module
mput	Hz	Input frequency of selected module
	PF	Input power factor of selected module
	V	Output phase voltage of selected module
Output	А	Output phase current of selected module
Output	Hz	Output frequency of selected module
	PF	Output power factor of selected module
	V	Load voltage of selected module
Load	%	Load (The percentage of the power module selected)
Loud	KW	Pout: Active Power
	KVA	Sout: Apparent Power
	BATT+(V)	Battery Voltage (positive)
	BATT-(V)	Battery Voltage (negative)
	BUS(V)	Bus Voltage (Positive &Negative)
Information	Charger(V)	Charger Voltage (Positive &Negative)
	Fan Time	Total Fan's Running time of the selected power module
	Inlet Temperature (°C)	Inlet Temperature of the selected power module
	Outlet Temperature (°C)	Outlet Temperature of the selected power module
S-code	Fault Code	• For the maintenance <u>personnel</u>

Table 0-5 Description of each submenu of Power module

3.2.3 Setting

Touch the icon (At the bottom of the screen), and the system enters the page of the Setting, as it is shown in Figure 0-8.



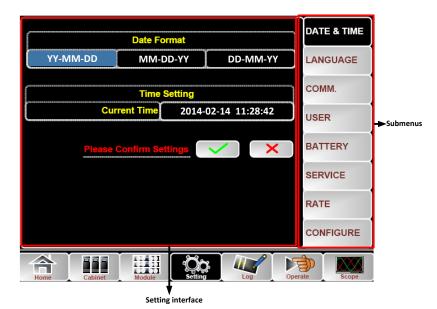


Figure0-8 Setting menu

The submenus are listed on the right side of the Setting page. Users can enter each of the setting interfaces by touching the relevant icon. The submenus are described in detail below in Table 0-6.

Submenu Name	Contents	Meaning
Date & Time	Date format setting	Three formats: (a) year/month/day, (b) month/date/year , (c) date/month/year
	Time setting	Setting time
	Current language	Language in use
Language	Language selection	Simplified Chinese and English selectable (The setting taking action immediately after touching the language icon)
	Device Address	Setting the communication address
COMM	RS232 Protocol Selection	SNT Protocol, Modbus Protocol, YD/T Protocol and Dwin (For factory use)
COMM.	Baud rate	Setting the baud rate of SNT, Modbus and YD/T
	Modbus Mode	Setting mode for Modbus: ASCII and RTU selectable
	Modbus parity	Setting the parity for Modbus
	Output voltage Adjustment	Setting the Output Voltage
USER	Bypass Voltage Up Limited	Up limited working Voltage for Bypass , settable: +10% , +15% , +20% , +25%
	Bypass Voltage Down Limited	Down limited working Voltage for Bypass , settable: -10% , -15% , -20% , -30% , -40%



Submenu Name	Contents	Meaning
	Bypass Frequency Limited	Permitted working Frequency for Bypass Settable : +-1Hz , +-3Hz , +-5Hz
	Dust Filter Maintenance Period	Setting Dust Filter Maintenance Period
	Battery Number	Setting the number of the battery (12V)
	Battery Capacity	Setting of the AH of the battery
	Float Charge Voltage/Cell	Setting the floating Voltage for battery cell (2V)
	Boost Charge Voltage/Cell	Setting the boost Voltage for battery cell (2V)
	EOD (End of discharge) Voltage/Cell, @0.6C Current	EOD voltage for cell battery, @0.6C current
BATTERY	EOD (End of discharge) Voltage/Cell, @0.15C Current	EOD voltage for cell battery, @0.15C current
	Charge Current Percent Limit	Charge current (percentage of the rated current)
	Battery Temperature Compensate	Coefficient for battery temperature compensation
	Boost Charge Time Limit	Setting boost charging time
	Auto Boost Period	Setting the auto boost period
	Auto Maintenance Discharge Period	Setting the period for auto maintenance discharge
SERVICE	System Mode	Setting the system mode: Single, parallel, Single ECO, parallel ECO, LBS, parallel LBS
RATE	Configure the rated Parameter	For the factory use
CONFIGURE Configure the system		For the factory use

- Users have various permissions to the configuration of the Setting :(a) for the Date &Time, LANGUAGE and COMM, user can set on their own without password. (b)For the USER, a one-level password is needed and the setting must be done by commissioning engineer (c) For the Battery and SERVICE, a Two-level password is needed and it is set by the after-service personal. (d)For the RATE and CONFIGURE, a Three-level password is needed and it is set only by the factory.
- The "C" stands for Ampere number. For instance, if the battery is 100AH, then C=100A.

3.2.4 Log

Touch the icon (At the bottom of the screen), and the system enters the interface of the Log, as it is shown in Figure0-9 Log menu. The log is listed in reverse chronological order (i.e. the first on the screen with #1 is the most new), which displays the events ,warnings and faults information and the data and time they occur and disappear.



NO.	M# EVENTS	TIME			
1	0 # Load On UPS-Set	2014 - 2 - 14 16 26:1			
2	4 # Module Inserted-Set	2014 - 2 - <u>1</u> 4 16 :24: 27			
3	0 # Byp Freq Over Track-Set	2014-2-14 16:22:31			
4	0 # Load On Bypass-Set	2014 - 2 - 14 16 :21 : 33			
5	0 # Bypass Volt Abnormal-Set	2014 - 2 - 14 16 :21:33			
6	0 # Load On Bypass-Set	2014 - 2 - 14 16 :19:41			
7	0 # No Load-Set	2014-2-14 16:18:45			
8	4 # Load On Bypass-Set	2014 - 2 - 14 16 :18:45			
9	0 # Byp Freq Over Track-Set	2014-2-14 16:18:45			
10	4 # Module-Exit-Set	2014 - 2 - 14 16 :26: 1			
Total Lo	Total Log Items 29				
Home	Cabinet	Operate Scope			

Figure0-9 Log menu

The follow Table 3-7 gives the complete list of all the UPS events displayed by history record window and current record window.

NO.	UPS events	Description
1	Fault Clear	Manually clear fault
2	Log Clear	Manually clear History log
3	Load On UPS	Inverter feeds load
4	Load On Bypass	Bypass feeds load
5	No Load	No load
6	Battery Boost	Charger is working in boost charging mode
7	Battery Float	Charger is working in float charging mode
8	Battery Discharge	Battery is discharging
9	Battery Connected	Battery is connected already
10	Battery Not Connected	Battery is not yet connected.
11	Maintenance CB Closed	Manual maintenance breaker is closed
12	Maintenance CB Open	Manual maintenance breaker is opened
13	EPO	Emergency Power Off
14	Module on Less	Available power module capacity is less than the load capacity. Please reduce the load capacity or add extra power module to make sure that the UPS capacity is big enough.
15	Generator Input	Generator is connected and a signal is sent to the UPS.
16	Utility Abnormal	Utility (Grid) is abnormal. Mains voltage or frequency exceeds the upper or lower limit and results in rectifier shutdown. Check the input phase voltage of rectifier.
17	Bypass Sequence Error	Bypass voltage Sequence is reverse. Check if input power cables are connected correctly.
18	Bypass Volt Abnormal	This alarm is triggered by an inverter software routine when the amplitude or frequency of bypass voltage exceeds the limit. The alarm will automatically reset if the bypass voltage becomes normal. First check if relevant alarm exists, such as "bypass circuit breaker open", "Byp Sequence Err" and "Ip Neutral Lost". If there is any relevant alarm, first clear

Table 0-7 UPS Event List



1		this alarm.
		1. Then check and confirm if the bypass voltage and frequency displayed on the
		LCD are within the setting range. Note that the rated voltage and frequency are
		respectively specified by "Output Voltage" and "Output Frequency".
		2. If the displayed voltage is abnormal, measure the actual bypass voltage and
		frequency. If the measurement is abnormal, check the external bypass power
		supply. If the alarm occurs frequently, use the configuration software to increase
		the bypass high limit set point according to the user's suggestions
19	Bypass Module Fail	Bypass Module Fails. This fault is locked until power off. Or bypass fans fail.
20	Bypass Module Over	Bypass current is over the limitation. If bypass current is under 135% of the
20	Load	rated current. The UPS alarms but has no action.
21	Bypass Over Load Tout	The bypass overload status continues and the overload times out.
		This alarm is triggered by an inverter software routine when the frequency of
		bypass voltage exceeds the limit. The alarm will automatically reset if the bypass
		voltage becomes normal.
		First check if relevant alarm exists, such as "bypass circuit breaker open", "Byp
		Sequence Err" and "Ip Neutral Lost". If there is any relevant alarm, first clear
		this alarm.
22	Byp Freq Over Track	1. Then check and confirm if the bypass frequency displayed on the LCD are
		within the setting range. Note that the rated frequency are respectively specified
		by "Output Frequency".
		2. If the displayed voltage is abnormal, measure the actual bypass frequency. If
		the measurement is abnormal, check the external bypass power supply. If the
		alarm occurs frequently, use the configuration software to increase the bypass
		high limit set point according to the user's suggestions
		The load is on bypass because the output overload transfer and re-transfer is
23	Exceed Tx Times Lmt	fixed to the set times during the current hour. The system can recover
		automatically and will transfer back to the inverter with 1 hour
		Output shorted Circuit.
		Fist check and confirm if loads have something wrong.
24	Output Short Circuit	Then check and confirm if there is something wrong with terminals, sockets or
	1	some other power distribution unit.
		If the fault is solved, press "Fault Clear" to restart UPS.
		Inverter turned off due to low battery voltage. Check the mains power failure
25	Battery EOD	status and recover the mains power in time
26	Battery Test	System transfer to battery mode for 20 seconds to check if batteries are normal
27	Battery Test OK	Battery Test OK
	Battery Maintenance	System transfer to battery mode until to be 1.1*EOD voltage to maintenance
28	Dattery Wantenance	battery string
29	Battery Maintenance OK	Battery maintenance succeed
30	Module inserted	Power Module is inserted in system.
	Module Exit	Power Module is pulled out from system.
31		
32	Rectifier Fail	The N# Power Module Rectifier Fail, The rectifier is fault and results in rectifier shutdown and battery discharging
	Inverter Fail	shutdown and battery discharging.
33		The N# Power Module Inverter Fail. The inverter output voltage is abnormal and the load transfers to human
	Destifier Ore T	the load transfers to bypass.
	Rectifier Over Temp.	The N# Power Module Rectifier Over Temperature. The temperature of the
		rectifier IGBTs is too high to keep rectifier running. This alarm is triggered by
34		the signal from the temperature monitoring device mounted in the rectifier
		IGBTs. The UPS recovers automatically after the over temperature signal
		disappears.
		If over temperature exists, check:



	1	1. Whether the ambient temperature is too high.
		2. Whether the ventilation channel is blocked.
		3. Whether fan fault happens.
		4. Whether the input voltage is too low.
35	Fan Fail	At least one fan fails in the N# power module.
55	Output Over load	The N# Power Module Output Over Load. This alarm appears when the load
	Output Over Ioad	rises above 100% of nominal rating. The alarm automatically resets once the
		overload condition is removed.
		1. Check which phase has overload through the load (%) displayed in LCD so as
36		to confirm if this alarm is true.
50		 If this alarm is true, measure the actual output current to confirm if the
		displayed value is correct.
		Disconnect non-critical load. In parallel system, this alarm will be triggered if
		the load is severely imbalanced.
	Inverter Overload Tout	N# Power Module Inverter Over Load Timeout. The UPS overload status
	Inverter Overload Tout	continues and the overload times out.
		Note:
		The highest loaded phase will indicate overload timing-out first. When the timer is active, then the alarm "module over load" should also be
		active as the load is above nominal.
37		
		When the time has expired, the inverter Switch is opened and the load
		transferred to bypass. If the load decreases to lower than 95%, after 2 minutes, the system will transfer
		back to inverter mode. Check the load (%) displayed in LCD so as to confirm if
		this alarm is true. If LCD displays that overload happens, then check the actual
	Inventor Over Terrer	load and confirm if the UPS has over load before alarm happens.The N# Power Module Inverter Over Temperature.
	Inverter Over Temp.	The temperature of the inverter heat sink is too high to keep inverter running.
		This alarm is triggered by the signal from the temperature monitoring device
		mounted in the inverter IGBTs. The UPS recovers automatically after the over
		temperature signal disappears.
38		If over temperature exists, check:
		Whether the ambient temperature is too high.
		Whether the ventilation channel is blocked.
		Whether fan fault happens.
		Whether inverter overload time is out.
		Inhibit system transfer from bypass to UPS (inverter). Check:
		Whether the power module's capacity is big enough for load.
39	On UPS Inhibited	Whether the power module's capacity is one chough for road. Whether the rectifier is ready.
		Whether the bypass voltage is normal.
40	Manual Transfer Byp	Transfer to bypass manually
		Escape from "transfer to bypass manually" command. If UPS has been
41	Esc Manual Bypass	transferred to bypass manually, this command enable UPS to transfer to inverter.
		Battery Voltage is Low. Before the end of discharging, battery voltage is low
42	Battery Volt Low	warning should occur. After this pre-warning, battery should have the capacity
		for 3 minutes discharging with full load.
43	Battery Reverse	Battery cables are connected not correctly.
	-	The N# Power Module Inverter Protect. Check:
		Whether inverter voltage is abnormal
44	Inverter Protect	Whether inverter voltage is much different from other modules, if yes, please
		adjust inverter voltage of the power module separately.
45	Input Neutral Lost	The mains neutral wire is lost or not detected. For 3 phases UPS, it's
	particular 2000	



		recommended that user use a 3-poles breaker or switch between input power and UPS.
46	Bypass Fan Fail	At least one of bypass module Fans Fails
47	Manual Shutdown	The N# Power Module is manually shutdown. The power module shuts down
Τ /	Manual Shudown	rectifier and inverter, and there's on inverter output.
48	Manual Boost Charge	Manually force the Charger work in boost charge mode.
49	Manual Float Charge	Manually force the charger work in float charge mode.
50	UPS Locked	Forbidden to shutdown UPS power module manually.
		Parallel cables error. Check:
51	Parallel Cable Error	If one or more parallel cables are disconnected or not connected correctly
		If parallel cable round is disconnected
52		If parallel cable is OK
53	Lost N+X Redundant	Lost N+X Redundant. There is no X redundant powers module in system.
54	EOD Sys Inhibited	System is inhibited to supply after the battery is EOD (end of discharging)
55	Battery Test Fail	Battery Test Fail. Check if UPS is normal and battery voltage is over 90% of
		float voltage.
		Check
56	Battery Maintenance Fail	If UPS is normal and not any alarms
		If the battery voltage is over 90% of float voltage If load is over 25%
		Ambient temperature is over the limit of UPS. Air conditioners are required to
57	Ambient Over Temp	regulate ambient temperature.
		Rectifier CAN bus communication is abnormal. Please check if communication
58	REC CAN Fail	cables are not connected correctly.
		IO signal communication of inverter CAN bus is abnormal. Please check if
59	INV IO CAN Fail	communication cables are not connected correctly.
		DATA communication of inverter CAN bus is abnormal. Please check if
60	INV DATA CAN Fail	communication cables are not connected correctly.
(1		The difference of two or more power modules' output current in system is over
61	Power Share Fail	limitation. Please adjust output voltage of power modules and restart UPS.
()		Synchronization signal between modules is abnormal. Please check if
62	Sync Pulse Fail	communication cables are not connected correctly.
		Input voltage of N# power module is abnormal.
63	Input Volt Detect Fail	Please check if the input cables are connected correctly.
05	input von Detect Pair	Please check if input fuses are broken.
		Please check if utility is normal.
		Battery voltage is abnormal.
64	Battery Volt Detect Fail	Please check if batteries are normal.
		Please check if battery fuses are broken on input power board.
65	Output Volt Fail	Output voltage is abnormal.
		Bypass voltage is abnormal.
66	Bypass Volt Detect Fail	Please check if bypass breaker is closed and is good.
		Please check if bypass cables are connected correctly.
67	INV Bridge Fail	Inverter IGBTs are broken and opened.
		Outlet temperature of power module is over the limitation.
	Outlet Temp Error	Please check if fans are abnormal.
68		Please check if PFC or inverter inductors are abnormal.
		Please check if air passage is blocked.
		Please check if ambient temperature is too high.
69	Input Curr Unbalance	The difference of input current between every two phases is over 40% of rated
	1	current.



		Please check if rectifier's fuses, diode, IGBT or PFC diodes are broken.
		Please check if input voltage is abnormal.
70	DC Bus Over Volt	Voltage of DC bus capacitors is over limitation. UPS shutdown rectifier and
/0	DC Bus Over voit	inverter.
		While soft start procedures are finished, DC bus voltage is lower than the
		limitation of calculation according utility voltage. Please check
		1. Whether rectifier diodes are broken
71	REC Soft Start Fail	2. Whether PFC IGBTs are broken
		3. Whether PFC diodes are broken
		4. Whether drivers of SCR or IGBT are abnormal
		5. Whether soft start resistors or relay are abnormal
72	Relay Connect Fail	Inverter relays are opened and cannot work or fuses are broken.
73	Relay Short Circuit	Inverter relays are shorted and cannot be released.
74	PWM Sync Fail	PWM synchronizing signal is abnormal
		UPS works in intelligent sleep mode. In this mode, the power modules will be
		standby in turn. It will be more reliability and higher efficiency. It must be
75	Intelligent Sleep	confirmed that remained power modules' capacity is big enough to feed load. It
		must be conformed that working modules' capacity is big enough if user add
		more load to UPS. It's recommended that sleeping power modules are waken up
		if the capacity of new added loads is not sure.
76	Manual Transfer to INV	Manually transfer UPS to inverter. It's used to transfer UPS to inverter when
		bypass is over track. The interrupt time could be over 20ms.Input over current timeout and UPS transfer to battery mode.
77	Input Over Curr Tout	Please check if input voltage is too low and output load is big. Please regulate
//	input Over Curi Tout	input voltage to be higher if it's possible or disconnect some loads.
78	No Inlet Temp. Sensor	Inlet temperature sensor is not connected correctly.
79	No Outlet Temp. Sensor	Outlet temperature sensor is not connected correctly.
19	No Outlet Tellip. Sellsoi	Inlet air is over temperature. Make sure that the operation temperature of UPS is
80	Inlet Over Temp.	between 0-40°C.
81	Capacitor Time Reset	Reset timing of DC bus capacitors.
82	Fan Time Reset	Reset timing of fans.
83	Battery History Reset	Reset battery history data.
84	Byp Fan Time Reset	Reset timing of bypass fans.
85	Battery Over Temp.	Battery is over temperature. It's optional.
0.6		Working life of bypass fans is expired, and it's recommended that the fans are
86	Bypass Fan Expired	replaced with new fans. It must be activated via software.
07	Consoitor Evering 1	Working life of capacitors is expired, and it's recommended that the capacitors
87	Capacitor Expired	are replaced with new capacitors. It must be activated via software.
88	Fan Expired	Working life of power modules' fans is expired, and it's recommended that the
00	Fan Expired	fans are replaced with new fans. It must be activated via software.
		Inverter IGBTs are shutdown.
89	INV IGBT Driver Block	Please check if power modules are inserted in cabinet correctly.
		Please check if fuses between rectifier and inverter are broken.
90	Battery Expired	Working life of batteries is expired, and it's recommended that the batteries are
		replaced with new batteries. It must be activated via software.
91	Bypass CAN Fail	The CAN bus between bypass module and cabinet is abnormal.
92	Dust Filter Expired	Dust filter need to be clear or replaced with a new one
102	Wave Trigger	Waveform has been saved while UPS fail
		Bypass and cabinet communicate with each other via CAN bus. Check
103	Bypass CAN Fail	If connector or signal cable is abnormal.
		If monitoring board is abnormal.



105	Firmware Error	Manufacturer used only.		
106	System Setting Error	Manufacturer used only.		
		Bypass module is over temperature. Please check		
		If bypass load is overload		
107	Bypass Over Temp.	If ambient temperature is over 40°C		
		If bypass SCRs are assembled correctly		
		If bypass fans are normal		
108	Module ID Duplicate	At least two modules are set as same ID on the power connector board, please		
108	Module ID Duplicate	set the ID as correct sequence		

Different colors of the words represent different level of events:

(a)Green, an event occurs ;

(b)Grey, the event occurs then clears;

(c)Yellow, warning occurs;

(d) Red, faults happen.

3.2.5 Operate

Touch the icon (At the bottom of the screen), and the system enters the page of the "Operate", as it is shown in Figure0-10.

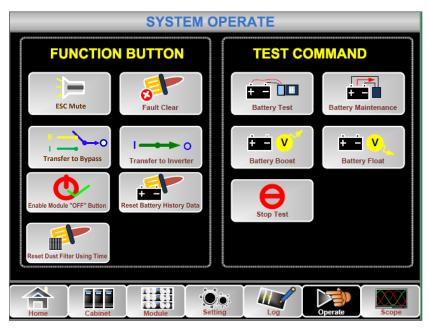


Figure0-10 Operate menu

The "Operate" menu includes FUNCTIONBUTTON and TESTCOMMAND. The contents are described in details below.

FUNTION BUTTON

• Clear/Restore Buzzing

Mute or Restore buzzing of the system by touching the icon

Fault Clear

Clear the faults by touching the icon

Mute Or Esc Mute



• Transfer to and ESC Bypass

Transfer to bypass mode or cancel this command by touching the icon

• Transfer to Inverter

Transfer the bypass mode to Inverter Mode by touching the icon

• Enable Module "OFF" Button

Enable the switch for powering off the Power Module by touching the icon Enable Module 'OFF' Butto

• Reset Battery History Data

Reset the battery history data by touching the icon Reset Battery History Data, the history data includes the times of discharge, days for running and hours of discharging.

• Reset Dust filter Using Time

Reset the time of dust filter using by touching the icon Rest Dust Filter Using Time, it includes the days of using and maintenance period.

TEST COMMAND

Battery Test

By touching the icon • the system transfer to the Battery mode to test the condition of the battery. Ensure the bypass is working normally and the capacity of the battery is no less than 25%.

• Battery Maintenance

By touching the icon which requires the normality of the bypass and minimum capacity of 25% for the battery.

Battery Boost

By touching the icon Bettery Maintenace, the system starts boost charging.

Battery Float

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By touching the icon Battery Float , the system starts float charging.

• Stop Test

By touching the icon stop is the system stops battery test or battery maintenance.

3.2.6 Scope

Touch the icon **Scope**, (At the bottom right of the screen), and the system enters the page of the Scope, as it is shown in Figure0-11.







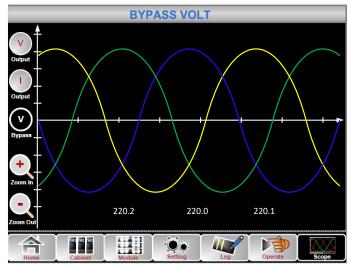


Figure0-11 Scope Menu

Users can view the waves for output voltage, output current and bypass voltage by touching the corresponding icon in the left side of the interface. The waves can be zoomed in and zoom out.

Touch the icon to display the 3-phase output voltage.

Touch the

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Touch the icon to display the 3-phase output current.

Touch the icon to display the 3-phase bypass voltage.



Touch the icon to zoom in the wave.



Touch the icon to zoom out wave.

4 **Operations**

4.1 UPS Start-up

4.1.1 Start in Normal Mode

The UPS must be started up by commissioning engineer after the completeness of installation. The steps below must be followed :

- 1) Ensure all the circuit breakers are open.
- 2) One by one to turn on the output breaker (Q4), input breaker (Q1), bypass input breaker (Q2), and then the system starts initializing (4-slot cabinet and 6-slot cabinet only have a manual bypass breaker, so need to used external circuit breakers).
- 3) The LCD in front of the cabinet is lit up. The system enters the home page, as shown in Figure 3-2.
- 4) Notice the energy bar in the home page and pay attention to the LED indicators. The rectifier flashes indicating the rectifier is starting up. The LED indicators are listed below in Table 0-1.



Table 0-1 Rectifier starting up

Indicator	Status	Indicator	Status
Rectifier	green flashing	Inverter	off
Battery	red	Load	off
Bypass	off	Status	red

5) After 30S, the rectifier indicator goes steady green, presenting the finishing of rectification and bypass static switch closes then the inverter is starting up. The LED indicators are listed below in Table 0-2.

Table 0-2 Inverter starting up

Indicator	Status	Indicator	Status
Rectifier	green	Inverter	green flashing
Battery	red	Load	green
Bypass	green	Status	red

6) The UPS transfers from the bypass to inverter after the inverter goes normal. The LED indicators are listed below in Table 0-3.

Table 0-3 Supplying the load

Indicator	Status	Indicator	Status
Rectifier	green	Inverter	green
Battery	red	Load	green
Bypass	off	Status	red

7) The UPS is in Normal Mode. Close the battery circuit breakers and the UPS starts charging the battery. The LED indicators are listed below in Table 0-4.

Table 0-4 Normal mode					
Indicator	Status	Indicator	Status		
Rectifier	green	Inverter	green		
Battery	green	Load	green		
Bypass	off	Status	green		

- When the system starts, the stored setting will be loaded.
- Users can browse all events during the process of the starting up by checking the menu Log.
- Users can check the information of the power module by the keys in the front of it.



4.1.2 Start from Battery

The start from battery is referring to battery cold start. The steps for the start-up are as follows:

- 1) Confirm the battery is correctly connected; turn on the external battery circuit breakers.
- 2) Press the red button for the battery cold start (as shown in Figure4-1). The system is then powered by the battery.

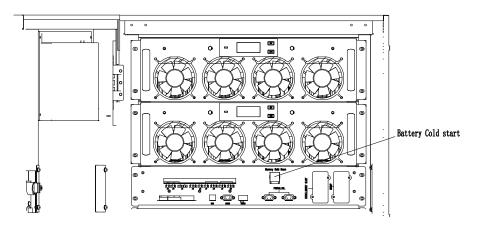


Figure0-1 The position of the battery cold start button

- 3) After that, the system is starting up following steps 3 in chapter 0 and the system transfers to battery mode in 30S.
- 4) Turn on the external output power supply isolation to supply the load, and the system is working on battery model.

The battery cold start function is optional in 2-slot cabinet and 4-slot cabinet, standard in 6-slot cabinet and 10-slot cabinet.

4.2 **Procedure for Switching between Operation Modes**

4.2.1 Switching the UPS into Battery Mode from Normal Mode

The UPS transfers to Battery model immediately after the utility (mains voltage) is failed or drops down below the predefined limit.

4.2.2 Switching the UPS from Normal Mode into Bypass Mode

- Enter the menu Operate, touch the icon "transfer to bypass" and the system transfers to bypass mode;
- 2) Press and hold the BYP key on the operator control panel for longer than two seconds and the system transfers to bypass mode. This needs to enable the switch behind the front door. As shown in Figure0-2.



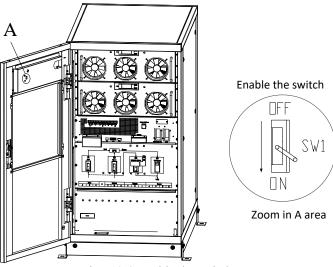


Figure0-2 Enable the switch

4.2.3 Switching the UPS into Normal Mode from Bypass Mode

Two ways to transfer the UPS into Normal mode from Bypass Mode:

(a) Enter the menu Operate, touch the icon transfer to inverter $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ Transfer to inverter \end{bmatrix}$ and the system transfers to bypass mode.

(b) Press and hold the INV key on the operator control panel for longer than two seconds and the system transfers to Normal mode.

Normally, the system will transfer to the Normal mode automatically. This function is used when the frequency of the bypass is over track and when the system needs to transfer to Normal mode by manual.

4.2.4 Switching the UPS from Normal Mode into Maintenance BypassMode

These following procedures can transfer the load from the UPS inverter output to the maintenance bypass supply, which is used for maintaining.

- 1) Transfer the UPS into Bypass mode following section 5.2.2.
- 2) The inverter indicator LED goes out, status indicator LED goes out, the buzzer alarm, the inverter shutdown. The bypass supplies power to loads.
- 3) Turn off the external battery breaker and turn on the maintenance bypass breaker. And the load is powered through maintenance bypass and static bypass.
- 4) One by one to turn off the input breaker (Q1), bypass input breaker (Q2), output breaker (Q4), and then the system shutdown (4-slot cabinet and 6-slot cabinet only have a manual bypass breaker, so need to used external circuit breakers). The maintenance bypass supplies power to loads.
- 2-slot cabinet and 6-slot cabinet only have a manual bypass breaker. In manual bypass mode (The manual bypass supplies power to loads), dangerous voltages are present on terminal and internal Copper bar.
- 2-slot cabinet and 6-slot cabinet need to use external circuit breakers (Includes external input breaker, external bypass input breaker, external output breaker and external maintenance bypass breaker).



4.2.5 Switching the UPS into Normal Mode from Maintenance Bypass Mode

These following procedures can transfer the load from the Maintenance Bypass to inverter output.

- 1) One by one to turn on the output breaker (Q4), input breaker (Q1), bypass input breaker (Q2), and then the system starts initializing.
- 2) After 30S, the static bypass turns on, the bypass indicator LED goes green, and the load is powered through maintenance bypass and static bypass.
- 3) Turn on the external battery breaker.
- 4) Turn off the maintenance bypass breaker and the load is powered through static bypass.
- 5) After 30S, the rectifier starts, the rectifier indicator LED goes green, and then inverter starts.
- 6) After 60S, the system transfers to Normal mode.

2-slot cabinet and 6-slot cabinet operation, please refer to chapter 0.

4.3 Battery Manual

If the battery is not in use for a long time, it is necessary to test the condition of the battery. Two methods are provided:

1) Manual Discharging test. Enter the menu Operate, as is shown in Figure 0-3 and touch the icon

"Battery maintenance" the system transfers into the Battery mode for discharging. The system will stop discharging when the battery will have 20% of capacity or in low voltage. Users

can stop the discharging by touching the "Stop Test" icon

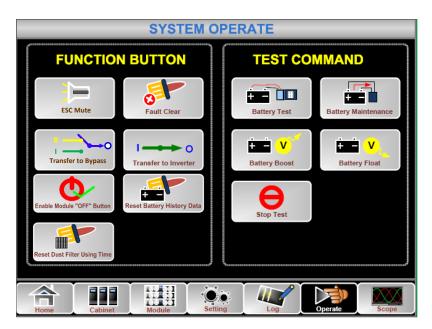


Figure0-3 Battery maintenance

- 2) Auto discharging. The system cans maintenance the battery automatically when the setting is done. The setting procedures are as follows.
 - (a) Enable battery auto discharge. Enter the "CONFIGURE" page of the menu Setting, tick the "Battery Auto Discharge" and confirm (This needs to be done by factory).
 - (b) Setting period for battery auto discharge. Enter the "BATTERY "page of the Setting (See Figure0-4), Set the period time in the item "Auto Maintenance Discharge Period" and confirm.



Battery Number	Ĵ	DATE & TIME
Battery Capacity	AH	
Float Charge Voltage / Cell	V	LANGUAGE
Boost Charge Voltage / Cell	V	сомм.
EOD Voltage / Cell, @ 0.6C Current	v	·
EOD Voltage / Cell, @ 0.15C Current	(v	USER
Charge Current Percent Limit	<mark>%</mark>	BATTERY
Battery Temperature Compensate	mV/°C	
Boost Charge Time Limit	Hour	SERVICE
Auto Boost Period	Hour	
Auto Maintenance Discharge Period 6480	Hour	RATE
Please Confirm Settings	×	CONFIGURE
Home Cabinet Module Setting	Ope	rate Scope

Figure0-4 Setting period for battery auto discharge

4.4 EPO

The EPO button located in the operator control and display panel (with cover to avoid disoperation, see Figure0-5) is designed to switch off the UPS in emergency conditions (e.g., fire, flood, etc.). To achieve this, just press the EPO button, and the system will turn off the rectifier, inverter and stop powering the load immediately (including the inverter and bypass), and the battery stops charging or discharging. If the input utility is present, the UPS control circuit will remain active; however, the output will be turned off. To completely isolate the UPS, users need to turn off the external mains input supply to the UPS. Users can restart the UPS by powering the UPS again.

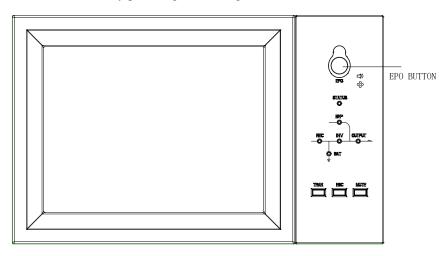


Figure0-5 EPO Button



4.5 Installation of Parallel Operation System

The UPS system can have three cabinets in parallel. Two UPS cabinets are connected as is shown in Figure0-6.

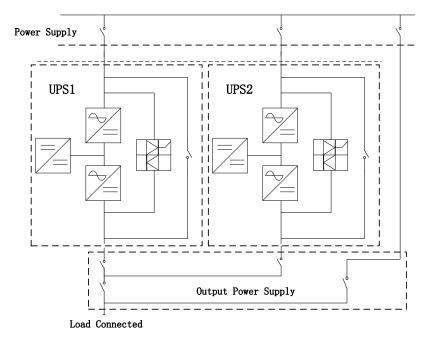
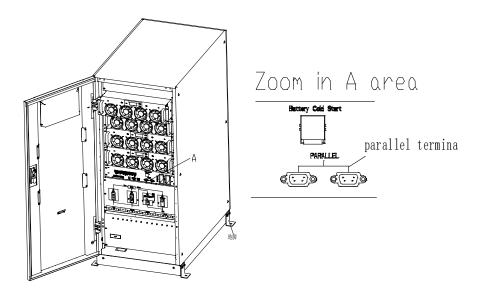


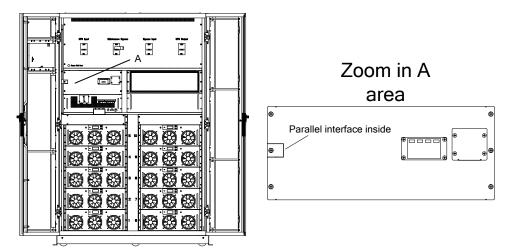
Figure0-6 Parallel diagram

The parallel interfaces of 2-slot cabinet - 6-slot cabinet are located in the front panel of the cabinet, the 10-slot cabinet are located inside the cabinet, open the panel can see. The parallel terminal is shown in Figure0-7.



(a)The parallel interfaces of 2-slot cabinet - 6-slot cabinet





(b)The parallel interfaces of 10-slot cabinet Figure0-7 Location of the Parallel interface

The control cables for the parallel operation must be connected with all single devices to form a closed loop, as is shown in Figure0-8.

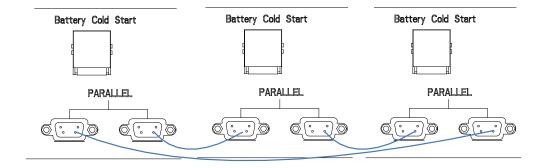


Figure0-8 Parallel connection

For more details of parallel operation, please refer to the "Instruction for Parallel Operation"



5 Maintenance

This chapter introduces UPS maintenance, including the maintenance instructions of power module, monitor unit and bypass unit and the replacement method of dust filter.

5.1 Precautions

Only maintaining engineers can maintain the power module, monitor unit and bypass unit.

- 1) The power module should be disassembled from top to bottom, so as to prevent any inclination from high gravity center of the cabinet.
- 2) To ensure the safety before maintaining power module and monitor unit, use a multimeter to measure the voltage between operating parts and the earth to ensure the voltage is lower than hazardous voltage, i.e. DC voltage is lower than 36Vdc, and AC maximum voltage is lower than 30Vac.
- Monitor unit and bypass unit is not recommended to hot swap; only when UPS is in Maintenance Bypass Mode or UPS is completely powered off, the monitor unit and bypass unit can be disassembled.
- 4) Wait 10 minutes before opening the cover of the power module after pulling out from the Cabinet.

5.2 Instruction for Maintaining Power module

Confirm the UPS is operating in Normal Mode and the bypass is working normally before pulling out the power module needed to be repaired.

- 1) Ensure the remaining power module will not be overloaded.
- 2) Power off the power module:





- a) Enable. LCD panel->Menu Operate Operate ->Enable Module "OFF" icon Enable Module "OF
- 3) Remove the mounting screw on the two front sides of the power module and pull out the power module by two persons.
- 4) Wait 10minutes before opening the cover for repairing.
- 5) After the repairing is done, push the power module into the cabinet and the power module will automatically join the system.

5.3 Instruction for Maintaining monitor unit and bypass unit

5.3.1 Maintaining monitor unit and bypass unit for 2-slot cabinet

Confirm the UPS is operating in Normal mode and the bypass is working normally

- 1) Transfer the system to bypass mode through the LCD control panel (Refer to chapter 0).
- 2) Turn on the maintenance bypass breaker. The load is powered through maintenance bypass and static bypass.
- 3) One by one to turn off the battery breaker, input breaker, bypass input breaker and output breaker. The load is powered through maintenance bypass.
- 4) Take out two power modules, which are close to the monitoring unit and the bypass unit, can be taken to repair the monitoring and the bypass unit.
- 5) After the completion of maintenance, insert power module and tighten the screws on both sides of the power module.
- 6) One by one to turn on the output breaker, bypass input breaker, input breaker and battery breaker.
- 7) After 2 minutes, the bypass indicator LED goes green, and the load is powered through maintenance bypass and static bypass.
- 8) Turn off the maintenance bypass breaker.
- 9) After 30S, the rectifier starts, the rectifier indicator LED goes green, and then inverter starts.
- 10) After 60S, the system transfers to Normal mode.



5.3.2 Maintaining monitor unit and bypass unit for 4-slot cabinet and 6-slot cabinet

Confirm the UPS is operating in Normal mode and the bypass is working normally

- 1) Transfer the system to bypass mode through the LCD control panel (Refer to chapter 0).
- 2) Turn on the manual bypass breaker.
- 3) Turn on the external maintenance bypass breaker.
- 4) One by one to turn off the battery breaker, external input breaker, external bypass input breaker, and external output breaker. The load is powered through external maintenance bypass.
- 5) Take out two power modules, which are close to the monitoring unit and the bypass unit (4-slot cabinet). Take out the panel at the top of the bypass unit (6-slot cabinet), can be taken to repair the monitoring and the bypass unit;
- 6) After the completion of maintenance, insert power module and tighten the screws on both sides of the power module.
- 7) One by one to turn on the external output breaker, external bypass input breaker, external input breaker and battery breaker.
- 8) After 2 minutes, the bypass indicator LED goes green, and the load is powered through external maintenance bypass, manual bypass and static bypass.
- 9) Turn off the external maintenance bypass breaker. The load is powered through manual bypass and static bypass.
- 10) Turn off the manual bypass breaker.
- 11) After 30S, the rectifier starts, the rectifier indicator LED goes green, and then inverter starts.
- 12) After 60S, the system transfers to Normal mode.

5.3.3 Maintaining monitor unit and bypass unit for 10-slot cabinet

Confirm the UPS is operating in Normal mode and the bypass is working normally

- 1) Transfer the system to bypass mode through the LCD control panel (Refer to chapter 0).
- 2) Turn on the maintenance bypass breaker. The load is powered through maintenance bypass and static bypass.
- 3) One by one to turn off the battery breaker, input breaker, bypass input breaker and output breaker. The load is powered through maintenance bypass.
- 4) Take out the panel above the monitoring unit, and can repair the monitoring unit
- 5) Take out the panel at the top of the bypass unit and the right-side door panel of the cabinet and repair the bypass unit.
- 6) After the completion of maintenance, install panel and tighten the screws.
- 7) One by one to turn on the output breaker, bypass input breaker, input breaker and battery breaker.
- 8) After 2 minutes, the bypass indicator LED goes green, and the load is powered through maintenance bypass and static bypass.
- 9) Turn off the maintenance bypass breaker.
- 10) After 30S, the rectifier starts, the rectifier indicator LED goes green, and then inverter starts.
- 11) After 60S, the system transfers to Normal mode.



5.4 Battery Setting

The setting of battery needs to be done after the first time of powering off or any changes done on the batteries.

The battery configure ration can be done through the LCD control panel (Figure0-1) or though monitoring software (Figure0-2).

Battery Type		DATE & TIME				
Battery Number	Battery Number					
Battery Capacity	Battery Capacity AH					
Float Charge Voltage / Cell	[V]					
Boost Charge Voltage / Cell	V	COMM.				
EOD Voltage / Cell, @ 0.6C Current	V	USER				
EOD Voltage / Cell, @ 0.15C Current	Ì ♥)					
Charge Current Percent Limit	%	BATTERY				
Battery Temperature Compensate	mV/°C					
Boost Charge Time Limit	Hour	SERVICE				
Auto Boost Period	Hour	RATE				
Auto Maintenance Discharge Period	Hour	RATE				
Please Confirm Setting	gs 🗸	CONFIGURE				
Home Cabinet Module Setting Log Operate Scope						

Figure0-1 Configuration through LCD control panel

MainIpData OutputData	System Setting Battery Setting Customization	WarningSet DryContactSe	t	
BatteryData CabStatus	Battery Type	VRLA	VRLA 💌	Î
UnitStatus	Battery Number	32	40 💌	1
HisLogDown SCodeDown	Battery AH	100		
RateSetting	Float Charge Voltage/Cell(V)	2.28	2.25	
ServSetting	Boost Charge Voltage/Cell(V)	2.30	2.35	
DetectAdjust ControlCmd	EOD Voltage/Cell, @ 0.6C Current(V)	1.65	1.65	
FwProgram	EOD Voltage/Cell, @ 0.15C Current(V)	1.75	1.75	~
Help About			Set	
UPS type RMX(20.4 Baud rate 9600		Address Disconnect		6
	Poit 10 20 12 27 00	Disconnect		A DECEMBER OF

Figure0-2 Configuration through monitoring software

5.4.1 Setting of Battery Type

The battery type can be only set through the monitoring software. The system at present supports lead acid battery and Lithium iron phosphate battery (LFPB).

5.4.2 Setting of Battery Number

1) Setting battery number for Lead- Acid battery

The nominal voltage of one block battery is 12V and for each block of battery, it consists of 6 cells (each cell of 2V). For the setting, as is shown in Figure 5-1, if the battery is 40, it means that there are 40 blocks of batteries and both the positive and negative are 20 blocks of batteries.

In the case of cell battery of 2V (usually with large capacity) is used, battery number should be the same as the block battery. The cell battery actually in use should be 240 cells (6*40), with both and positive and negative of 120 cells.

The battery number setting range is 36-44

2) Setting battery number for LFPB



For the cell of each LFPB, the cell voltage is 3.2V; each battery block consists of 1 cell. In total, if 40 blocks of Lead- Acid battery are used, for the LFPB, the number will be 150. Both the positive and negative are 75 cells. The battery number setting range is 140-180. The lowest EOD voltage for the LFPB will be 360V and highest voltage can be 620V.

5.4.3 Battery Capacity Setting

Battery Capacity Setting sets the capacity value of the battery block. For example, if the system uses 40 blocks of 12V/100AH batteries, the Battery Capacity Setting should set to 100 Ah. If 240 cells of 2V/1000AH are used, the Battery Capacity Setting should be set to 1000 Ah.

In case of there are more than one strings of battery in parallel, the battery capacity setting value will be the times of the single string. For instance, if the configuration is two strings of 40 blocks of 12V/100AH batteries, the battery capacity setting should be set to 200AH.

The system sets current limits according to the battery capacity set. For the Lead-Acid battery, the current limit is 0.2C, and for the LFPB, the current is 0.3C. For instance, the 500kVA is configured to 40 blocks of 12V/500AH batteries, which can provide total max charging current of 160A.Due to the current limits(0.2C), the max charging current will be 100A(0.2*500A).

5.4.4 Float and Boost Charge Setting

In boost charging, the system charges the batteries with constant current. After the period, the system will enter the float charging.

For the Lead-Acid battery, the default float charge voltage per cell is 2.25V, boost charge voltage is 2.35V;

For the LFPB, the default float and boost charge voltage per cell is 3.45V

5.4.5 EOD Voltage Setting

The EOD voltage 0.6C is the EOD voltage when the discharging current is larger than 0.6C; EOD voltage 0.15C is the EOD voltage when the discharging current is less than 0.15C.EOD voltage decreases linearly as the EOD voltage Current increases from 0.15C and 0.6C, as shown in Figure0-3.

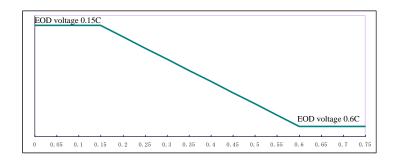


Figure0-3 EOD voltage

For Lead-Acid battery, the cell voltage is suggested to set to 1.65 V/cell at 0.6C and set to 1.75V at 0.15C

For the LFPB battery, the cell voltage is suggested to set to 2.7V/cell at both 0.6C and 0.15C.

5.4.6 Charging Current Percent Limit

This setting is for limiting the charging power, max current limit can be20% of the rated active power. The max current that one power module can give according to the current limit (in percentage) is shown in

Table 0-1.

The actual charging current is also limited to the battery capacity. Refer to chapter 0.



Current limit (%)	Max charging current(A)				
Current mint (76)	40KVA power module	50KVA power module			
1	0.7	0.8			
2	1.2	1.6			
3	1.9	2.4			
4	2.5	3.2			
5	3.1	4.0			
6	3.7	4.8			
7	4.4	5.6			
8	5.1	6.4			
9	5.6	7.2			
10	6.3	8.0			
11	6.9	8.8			
12	7.5	9.6			
13	8.1	10.4			
14	8.8	11.2			
15	9.3	12.0			
16	10.0	12.8			
17	10.7	13.6			
18	11.2	14.4			
19	11.9	15.2			
20	12.5	16.0			

Table 0-1 Current limit for per power module

5.4.7 Battery Temperature Compensate

This is for setting the temperature compensate coefficient. Based on 25° C \cdot when the temperature is higher than that, the discharging voltage goes lower; When the temperature is lower than that, the discharging voltage goes higher.

5.4.8 Boost Charge Time Limit

This is for setting the Boost Charge time. The system transfers to float charge when the boost Charge time has passed. The setting range can be 1-48h.

5.4.9 Auto Boost Period

This is for setting the Auto boost period time. The system boost charges the battery when the reaching the Auto boost period. It is suggested to boost charge the battery every three month, set the period to 4320h.

5.4.10 Auto maintenance Discharge Period

The system discharges the battery when the reaching the Auto maintenance discharge period. This function should be enabled by checking the AutoMaint (Rate Setting->SysCodeSetting1) through the monitoring software, as shown in Figure0-4.



		*2	CHS		ENGLISH		
Home 📤 BypassData	RateSettings				Syscode Setting1		
MainIpData	InputVolt		220	•			
OutputData	InputFreq		50	•	📕 Derate(0)	📕 FreqSelfAdpi(6)	📕 InhibitAdj(C)
BatteryData	OutputVolt		220	•	📕 33/31(l)	LogoType(7)	📕 DoBusLevel(D)
CabStatus UnitStatus [≣]	OutputFreq		50	•	AutoBoost(2)	📕 RecCirWay(3)	📕 PFEzterm(E)
HisLogDown		·		_	AutoMaint(3)	📕 PFFlag(9)	📕 Reserved(F)
SCodeDown					🔳 RaiOrHt(4)	📕 AllowDcOvRst(A	
RateSetting ServSetting					NotTxTLmt(5)	📕 OvLdToutExt(B)	Set by bit
DetectAdjust							
ControlOmd						Set	
FwProgram 🐱							
UPS type RMX(20-	600kVA) 🔻 P	rotocol	MODBUS_	ASCII	 Address 1 		
Baud rate Auto	• P	ort No.			- Conr	nect	

Figure0-4 Enable the Auto maintenance Discharge period

The EOD voltage of Auto maintenance Discharge is 1.05 times of the normal EOD voltage.

5.4.11 Warnings for Battery and Environment Temperature Overheat

This function can be set through the monitoring software. The system will read the temperature information of the battery and environment and give warning of overheat. The set range is 25-70 $^{\circ}$ C.

The temperature sensor should be placed through the Dry Contact.

5.5 Replacing Dust Filter (optional)

There are 3~4 dust filters on the back of UPS' front door, each filter is held in place by a bracket on either side of each filter. The procedure of replacing each filter is as follows:

- 1. Open the front door and locate the filters on the back side of the front door.
- 2. Remove one bracket.
- 3. Remove the dust filter to be replaced and insert the clean one.
- 4. Reinstall the bracket.



6 Product Specification

This chapter provides the specifications of the product, including environmental characteristics mechanical characteristics and electrical characteristics.

6.1 Applicable Standards

The UPS has been designed to conform to the following European and international standards:

Item	Normative reference		
General safety requirements for UPS used in	EN50091-1-1/IEC62040-1-1/AS 62040-1-1		
operator access areas			
Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)	EN50091-2/IEC62040-2/AS 62040-2 (C3)		
requirements for UPS	E1130091 2/1E02040 2/113 02040 2 (C3)		
Method of specifying the performance and	EN50091-3/IEC62040-3/AS 62040-3 (VFI SS		
test requirements of UPS	111)		

T_{a} = 1 = 0 = 1	Commission	tele Erene a ser		al Chan danda
Table 0-1	Compliance	with Europear	n and Internation	al Standards

The above-mentioned product standards incorporate relevant compliance clauses with generic IEC and EN standards for safety (IEC/EN/AS60950), electromagnetic emission and immunity (IEC/EN/AS61000 series) and construction (IEC/EN/AS60146 series and 60950).

6.2 Environmental Characteristics

Item	Unit	Requirements
Acoustic noise level at 1 meter	dB	65dB @ 100% load, 62dB @ 45% load
Altitude of Operation	m	\leq 1000, load derated 1% per 100m from 1000m and 2000m
Relative Humidity	%RH	0-95, non-condensing
Operating Temperature	°C	0-40, Battery life is halved for every 10°C increase above 20°C
UPS Storage Temperature	°C	-40-70
Recommended battery storage temperature	°C	-20~30



6.3 Mechanical Characteristic

Table 0-5 Mechanical Characteristics for Cabinet					
Model	Unit	2-slot Cabinet	4-slot Cabinet	6-slot Cabinet	10/12-slot Cabinet
Mechanical Dimension (W*D*H)	mm	600*980*1150	650*960*1600	650*970*2000	1300*1100*2000
Weight	kg	120	170	220	450
color	N/A		В	black	
Protection Level, (IEC60529)	N/A	IP20			

Table 0-3 Mechanical Characteristics for Cabinet

Table 0-4 Mechanical Characteristics for power module

Model	Unit	30/40kVA power module	50kVA power module
Mechanical Dimension (W*D*H)	mm	510*700*178	510*700*178
Weight	kg	44	45

6.4 Electrical Characteristics

6.4.1 Electrical Characteristics (Input Rectifier)

Table 0-5 Rectifier AC input (Mains)

Item	Unit	Parameter
Grid System	\	3 Phases + Neutral + Ground
Rated AC Input Voltage	Vac	380/400/415(three-phase and sharing neutral with the bypass input)
Rated Frequency	Vac	50/60Hz
Input voltage range	Vac	304~478Vac (Line-Line), full load 228V~304Vac (Line-Line), load decrease linearly according to the min phase voltage
Input Frequency range	Hz	40~70
Input Power factor	PF	>0.99
THDI	THDI%	<2.5% (Conditions)



6.4.2 Electrical Characteristics (Intermediate DC Link)

Items	Unit	Table 0-6 Battery Parameters
Battery bus voltage	Vdc	Rated: ±240V
Quantity of lead-acid cells	Nominal	40= [1 battery(12V)],240= [1 battery(2V)]
Float charge voltage	V/cell (VRLA)	2.25V/cell (selectable from 2.2V/cell~2.35V/cell) Constant current and constant voltage charge mode
Temperature compensation	mV/°C/cl	3.0(selectable:0~5.0)
Ripple voltage	%	≤1
Ripple current	%	≤5
Equalized charge voltage	VRLA	2.4V/cell (selectable from: 2.30V/cell~2.45V/cell) Constant current and constant voltage charge mode
Final discharging voltage	V/cell (VRLA)	1.65V/cell (selectable from: 1.60V/cell~1.750V/cell) @0.6C discharge current 1.75V/cell (selectable from: 1.65V/cell~1.8V/cell) @0.15C discharge current (EOD voltage changes linearly within the set range according to discharge current)
Battery Charge	V/cell	2.4V/cell (selectable from: 2.3V/cell~2.45V/cell) Constant current and constant voltage charge mode
Battery Charging Power Max Current	kW	10%* UPS capacity (selectable from: 1~20%* UPS capacity)

6.4.3 Electrical Characteristics (Inverter Output)

 Table 0-7 Inverter Output (To critical load)

Item	Unit	Value
Rated capacity	KVA	30-600kVA
Rated AC voltage	Vac	380/400/415 (Line-Line)
Rated Frequency	Hz	50/60
Frequency Regulation	Hz	50/60Hz±0.1%
Voltage precision	%	±1.5(0~100% linear load)
Overload	١	110%, 60min; 125%,10min; 150%,1min; >150%,200ms
Synchronized Range	Hz	Settable, ± 0.5 Hz ~ ± 5 Hz, default ± 3 Hz
Synchronized Slew Rate	Hz	Settable, 0.5Hz/S ~ 3Hz/S, default 0.5Hz/S
Output Power Factor	PF	1.0
Transient Response	%	<5% for step load (20% - 80% -20%)
Transient recovery		< 30ms for step load (0% - 100% -0%)
Output Voltage THDu		<1% from 0% to 100% linear load <3% full non-linear load according to IEC/EN62040-3



6.4.4 Electrical Characteristics (Bypass Mains Input)

Table 0-8 Bypass Mains Input

Item	Unit	2-slot Cabinet and 4-slot Cabinet	6-slot Cabinet and 10/12-slot Cabinet	
Rated AC voltage	Vac	380/400/415 (three-phase four-wire and sharing neutral with the bypass)		
Rated Current	А	91~758(Table3-2)		
Overload	%	125%, Long term operation 125%~130%, for 10 min 130%~150%, for 1 min >150%,300ms	110%, Long term operation 110%~125%, for 5 min 125%~150%, for 1 min >150%,1S	
Current rating of neutral cable	A	1.7	7×In	
Rated frequency	Hz	50/60		
Switch time (between bypass and inverter)	ms	Synchronized transfer: Oms		
Bypass voltage range	%	Settable, default -20%~+15% Up limited: +10%, +15%, +20%, +25% Down limited: -10%, -15%, -20%, -30%, -40%		
Bypass frequency range	Hz	Settable, ± 1 Hz, ± 3 Hz, ± 5 Hz		
Synchronized Range	Hz	Settable ±0.5Hz~±5Hz, default ±3Hz		

6.5 Efficiency

Table 0-9 Efficiency					
Item	Unit	Value			
	Overall efficiency				
Normal mode (dual conversion)	%	>96			
ECO mode	%	>99			
Battery discharging efficiency (battery at nominal voltage 480Vdc and full-rated linear load)					
Battery mode	%	>96			

6.6 Display and Interface

Table 0-10 Display and Interface

Display	LED + LCD +Color touch screen
Interface	Standard:RS232, RS485, USB, Dry Contact Option: SNMP,AS/400